THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA. SATURDAY, JANUARY 13. 1872 [VOLUME IV---NUMBER 182

FIRST EVENING EDITION

ONE O'CLOCK P. M.

Price Five Cents

FRIDAY, JANUARY 12, 1872.

Second Edition.

Our second afternoon edition will be out at 3½ P. M., containing all the telegraphic and other news up to that hour.

THE INAUGURATION.

Hon. James M. Smith Installed as Governor of Georgia.

Georgia Disenthralled.

The Full Consummation of Democratic Rule.

The Empire State Switched Back Once More on the Track of Progress and Honest Government.

A Day of Rejoicing.

This, the 12th day of January, 1872, is one of Georgia's memorable days, to be blazoned in her history for all time to come for the occurrence of one of her leading and momentous events.

It marks

THE DOWNFALL OF THE RADICAL DYNASTY.

What a world of meaning in the expression, mistule cadeo! An oppressed people redeemed! The restoration of honesty to public office!

The morning dawned beautifully—a rare, sunny, cheerful, lovely day, as if nature itself rejoiced over the auspicious event.

The occasion recalled the good old days of the State. By eleven o'clock the ladies began to flock to the State House, and by half-past eleven every available seat in the Representative Chamber and its galleries was occupied and hundreds vainly sought admission. It was the spontaneous outpouring of the PEOPLE in rejoicing over the advent of the new era. It recalled in salient contrast the sham of inauguration that occurred when Bullock took the reins of government. Those who had the misfortune to witness that spectacle, with its immense concourse of negroes and its small attendance of whites, can realize the contrast between that occasion, and one in which the sympathies and convictions of the people are enlisted. The contrast is typical too of the whole philosophy of the two occasions; one, the installation of a dynasty of corrupt adventurers forced upon a free people, by the bayonet, against their will; the other, the inauguration of a regime based upon the consent of the governed, and reflecting the virtue and intelligence of a great Commonwealth.

A deep, electric, intense feeling of joy pervaded the vast assemblage of Georgia's best sons and fairest daughters.

At seven minutes of twelve the Senate entered the Representative Chamber and President Trammell took the chair.

At precisely twelve Governor Smith entered the Chamber, accompanied by the Acting Governor, the State House officers, Supreme and Superior Court Judges, and by several leading citizens, among them General Toombs, General Colquitt, Colonel P. W. Alexander, Ex-Governor Brown and others.

Governor Smith, according to the old custom, delivered his inaugural, and then took the oath of office himself. The inaugural speaks for itself. We give it in full:

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR SMITH.

Gentlemen of the General Assembly:

I appear in this presence to-day, in obedience to the Constitution and laws, to take the oath of office and assume the duties of Governor of Georgia. I come in response to the call of the people of my native State—a people who, having been scourged with fire and sword, have had their patience still more sorely tried by want of integrity in office, and by corruption in high places. But after a long and cheerless night of misrule, let us unite in indulging the hope that a brighter day, bringing with it peace, happiness and prosperity to our stricken people, is already dawning upon our beloved State.

The duties required by the Constitution and Laws, of the Chief Magistrate of the State, are clearly indicated by the oath of his office. He swears to execute faithfully the office of Governor, and to preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the State and of the United States. When he takes this oath, he pledges his sacred honor before Almighty God and the assembled people who have conferred upon him the highest office in their gift, that he will honestly and faithfully execute the duties of that office, and that he will to the utmost of his ability, maintain the fundamental laws of the land. How can these great duties best be met and discharged? The answer to this question is easily made; but how difficult the performance of the duties here set forth!

All civil government should have for its object the preservation of the rights of the persons and property of the people; and it is the first and highest duty of governments, by wise and wholesome legislation, to provide security for these sacred rights. But the mere enactment of proper laws is not sufficient for the accomplishment of the object indicated. Unless there is also a strict and faithful enforcement of the laws, society must be without that feeling of security upon which the prosperity and happiness of the people depend. The honor of the State, as well as the best interests of the citizen, demand that laws passed for the good of society, should be promptly and justly enforced. We may pity the criminal, but when we go beyond this and interpose to shield him from the punishment due to his wrong-doing, this feeling ceases to be mere sentimental weakness, and becomes an act of cruel injustice to society. Prompt and certain execution of the laws is the surest, and indeed the only effectual means of preventing crime. The courts, whose peculiar province it is to try persons accused of violations of the penal code, and to pronounce judgment upon the guilty, should be left to the discharge of this sworn duty, free from interference on the part of the Executive. When, by the abuse of a power vested in him, to be exercised only when the ends of justice and the welfare of society demand it, the Chief Magistrate of the State grants dispensations to criminals, and suspends the operation of the laws prescribing the punishment due to convicted felons, he becomes the greatest of all criminals himself, and merits the punishment from which he seeks to shield the less guilty.

Under the Constitution, it is the duty of the Governor, with the concurrence of the Senate, to fill the judicial offices of the State. If he would faithfully discharge this duty, he must see to it that none are invested with the ermine of Justice but honest and capable men. A virtuous and independent Judiciary is a blessing to any people. Ignoring all distinctions growing out of condition, race or color, and holding the scales with an even and steady hand, it metes out justice alike to the rich and poor, the proud and humble. It encamps around the weak and defenseless, and keeps watch and ward over them with a vigilance that is sleepless, and unpurchasable with gold or power.

But it is of the last importance that the Chief Magistrate should himself have clean hands. He may appoint none but upright and faithful men to office, and yet if he be not also upright and faithful, these good acts will count for but little. He must not only call around him honest men, but he must himself be honest in the widest and deepest sense of that word. Neither the glitter of wealth, the seductions of popular favor, nor the whispers of ambition should be permitted to allure him from the path of duty, let it be never so thorny and rugged.

It is not necessary, however, on an occasion like this, to enumerate all the duties required at the hands of the Chief Magistrate of the Commonwealth; and yet it is not amiss, in times like the present, to recur to those cardinal principles which underlie all good government. It is known to be the duty of the Executive to co-operate with the Legislature in the passage of wise and wholesome laws, and with the Judiciary in enforcing those laws. He must see to it that public order is preserved, and that the Treasury of the State is protected, and must in all proper ways promote the general welfare and advance the true interests of the people. He must take care that the laws be executed. All this he solemnly swears to do.

But recurring to the occasion which has brought us together to-day, it cannot escape the most careless observer that we have assembled under circumstances of an extraordinary character. The late Governor, whose unexpired term of office I have been chosen to fill, is a voluntary fugitive from the State of his adoption. During his brief incumbency there has been an addition of untold millions to the public debt. He has left the finances of the State in the utmost disorder and confusion; so that it is impossible as yet to say what bonds issued under his administration are legal and what illegal. To correct these and other abuses much time and labor will be required, and I avail myself of the occasion to invoke the patience and co-operation of the people. And it may here be proclaimed that the people of Georgia have no thought of repudiating any part of the indebtedness of the State. On the contrary, it is their purpose to ascertain the legal obligations of the public, and to make provision for their payment, principal and interest. It is their purpose to respect vested rights, to obey the laws, and suppress crime in their midst; to require a faithful discharge of public duty on the part of officials; to protect and elevate the public faith and credit; to maintain order; to treat all classes with justice and impartiality, and to welcome and treat with hospitality all men, from whatever quarter, who come among them with the intention of performing the duties of good citizens. We desire to live in peace, to restore our waste places, and to bring back the Government of our State to the ancient landmarks of the fathers.

With a profound sense of the responsibilities I am about to assume, and with a fervent prayer that Providence may bless our efforts, and temper the wind to our shorn people, and with a resolute will to perform my duty to the utmost of my ability, I now take the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution of the State.

The inaugural was received with repeated applause.

As the Governor concluded taking the oath of office the applause was deafening and prolonged. It rolled forth in a vast and increasing volume, representing the spontaneous outbursting of popular joy at the great event.

The Governor retired, the Senate withdrew and the House adjourned.

Then burst forth a long, strong call for "Toombs." But Mr. Toombs had retired.

The crowd dispersed. Once more we breathe. The reign of law and order begins. Since Governor Jenkins was deposed by military despotism, we have had a long night of Radical rule and Cimmerian darkness. That rule is ended. The darkness is succeeded by light. Thank God Georgia is redeemed.

2ND EVENING EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK P. M

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, January 12, 1872.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock, A. M., President Trammell in the chair.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Warren.

The roll was called.

The Journal was read and approved.

A message was received from the House stating the adoption of a resolution providing for a joint committee to arrange for the ceremonies of inauguration, was taken up and concurred in.

Mr. Hinton, Chairman of the Joint Special Committee on adjournment, reported that several measures of general importance demanded the action of the General Assembly at the present session, after which they recommended adjournment.

Mr. Nunnally moved to lay the report on the table for the present. Lost.

The report was adopted.

Mr. Reese, Chairman of the joint special committee, appointed to consider and report upon the charges preferred by the State School Commissioner, against the Legislature, in a letter dated December 19th, 1871, submitted the report of that Committee.

The report reviewed in an able and trenchant manner all the allegations of said circular letter, went thoroughly into the history of the bond bill, and triumphantly refuted all the allegations and errors contained in said letter, stating that in the opinion of the committee the same was calculated and designed to weaken confidence in this General Assembly.

It recommended the adoption of resolutions to the effect: First, That the system of public instruction, as now organized, cannot be effectually put into operation under the management and control of the present School Commissioner. Secondly, Recognizing the claims of teachers of the common schools, and that the same shall be paid so soon as the necessary fund can be provided therefor.

The first resolution was adopted.

The second resolution was adopted by yeas 33; nays 2—Cone and Kirkland.

On motion of Mr. Simmons fifteen hundred copies of the report were ordered printed.

The Senate then passed into the Representative Hall for the purpose of inaugurating the Governor elect.

On motion the Senate then returned to the Chamber and proceeded to read bills the second time, after which the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE.

The House met at 10 A. M, Speaker Cumming in the chair.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hornady.

Journal was read and approved.

The following bills were read the first time:

Mr. McWhorter—To repeal the act to amend the usury laws.

Also, to make it penal for any person to violate a written contract.

Also, to prohibit and make penal the sale of farm products after sundown.

Mr. W. P. Anderson—To extend the lein of set off against debts contracted before 1st June, 1865, etc.

Mr. Griffin of Twiggs—To authorize the Ordinary of his county to borrow money.

Mr. Chastain—In relation to diseased cattle in certain counties.

Mr. Jackson—To amend the law in relation to nuncupative wills.

Also, to amend an act to carry into offect 2d clause, section 13 article 5 Constitution of Georgia.

Also, to amend the law relating to withdrawal of claims.

Mr. McMillan moved to suspend the rules to take up a resolution postponing the collection of tax on printing material until 20 days after the next meeting of the Legislature. Lost.

Mr. J. L. Boynton was sworn in as member from Calhoun.

Bills on first reading resumed.

Mr. McMillan—To make Insurance Companies liable for damages in certain cases.

Also, to amend the charter of the city of Brunswick.

Also, to incorporate the Air-Line and Rabun Gap Railroad Company.

Also, to grant certain exclusive privileges so far as relates to the territory lying between the Altamaha and Richmond Railroad and the Rabun Gap Railroad.

Also, to create a new county from Clarke county.

Mr. Simmons, of Hall—To incorporate the Gainesville and Jefferson Railroad Company.

Also, to authorize the authorities of Gainesville to subscribe to certain railroad companies.

Also, to appoint a committee to inquire into certain charges against Dr. Green, of the Lunatic Asylum.

Mr. Pierce—To provide for filling vacancies under the 2d and 4th clause, article 4 of the Constitution of Georgia.

Mr. Boynton—To authorize the Ordinary to issue Bonds for county purposes.

Mr. Pierce—To repeal the act abolishing the Chain Gang.

Mr. Head—To fix the per diem of members, etc.

Mr. Murphy, of Harris—To incorporate the Spalding County Manufacturing Company, of Griffin.

Mr. Pattillo—To compensate A. A. Trammell, etc.

Mr. Murphy of Harris—To create a Board of Commissioners for Glynn county.

Mr. Jones of Terrell—To incorporate the town of Dawson.

Mr. Bryan—To establish colleges of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts.

Mr. Hammond—To authorize the Ordinary of Butts county to issue bonds, etc.

Mr. Allred—To amend the Homestead laws.

The House then took a recess until ten minutes to 12 M.

At 10 minutes to 12 the House reassembled.

The Senate came in and the General Assembly was called to order by President Trammell.

At twelve o'clock Governors Conley and Smith, accompanied by the Judges of the Supreme Court, several Judges of the Superior Courts, members of the Executive Department, a number of distinguished citizens, etc., came into the Hall. Governor Smith delivered the address published in another column and took the prescribed oath.

The Senate and the various officials retired and the House adjourned until 3 P. M.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—The House is occupied with private bills.

NEW YORK

NEW YORK, January 12.—O. H. P. Archer succeeds Fisk as Vice-President of the Erie road.

The office of Comptroller has been abolished and an Auditing Committee substituted, composed of Thompson, Ottis and Hilton.

Judge Barnard this morning opened Tammany Hall to the newly elected delegates—Henry Genet President. This is considered a triumph over the sachems.

FLORIDA.

KEY WEST, January 12.—A letter from a reliable person in Havana, states that Valmaseda approves Howard's eight years penitentiary sentence.

The volunteer cavalry, who have been drilling in Havana, are called to active duty upon one day's notice.

Several cases of ammunition have been landed for the insurgents.

RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, January 12.—The cashier and teller of the Fourth National Bank has been accused of defalcations to the amount of fifty thousand dollars.

KENTUCKY

LOUISVILLE, January 12.—The Court of Appeals decided that the Kentucky State and Paducah Lotteries are legal institutions.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, January 12.—Judge Abell has dismissed the grand jury. He said it had been packed in Warmouth's interest, and said that warrants would be issued for Speaker Carter and Lieutenant Governor Pinchback on a charge of implication in murder. Warmouth thinks, in a note to Emory, that the danger of a riot or tumult is about over.

NOVA SCOTIA.

HALIFAX, January 12—The Windsor ran off and all the passengers, more or less, were injured—one killed.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, January 12.—A hunting camp has been established near the Republican river as a base for Alexis' operations against the buffalo. Game is reported plentiful. It is stated that 1,000 Indians will be there. The Pacific Road is still blocked.

COLORADO.

DENVER, January 12.—The Legislature has passed a joint memorial asking Congress to pass an enabling act for State organization.

FRANCE.

PARIS, January 12.—France will pay four and a half milliard francs of the German war indemnity two weeks hence.

CUBA.

HAVANA, January 12.—All the Havana journals publish the following: A Cuban printer pays two thousand dollars monthly to a Madrid journalist to write, in a disguised manner, in favor of Cuban independence.

The telegrams published in the American journals are either forgeries or sent by Aza Corte from Madrid. The editorials in the New York journals in favor of the insurgents, are written by insurgents, who pay one-third above the usual advertising rates.

The reported flight of Cespedes is unconfirmed.

ENGLAND

LONDON, January 12.—The Times in a financial article announces that a combination of telegraphists yesterday agreed to establish a cable direct from England to New York.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 12.—Cotton a shade firmer and advancing; middling uplands 21¼; Orleans 22¾; sales 1,300 bales.

Cotton sales for future delivery last evening, 7,400 bales, as follows: January, 21¼a21¾. February, 21 11-16a21 13-16. March 22 3-16a22 1-16 21 15-16a22. April 22 1-16a22 5-16 5-16a22 7-16a22½. April 22¼a22¾. May, 22¼a22 9-16.

Flour declining. Wheat quiet and unchanged. Pork quiet; new mess $14a14 25. Lard steady at 9¼a9¾. Turpentine steady at 67½. Rosin quiet and unchanged at $4 80 for strained. Freights firm.

PARIS, January 12, noon.—Specie decreased nearly two million francs. Rentes 56f 22c. Tallow 49s 6.

LONDON, January 12, noon—Consols 93; Bonds 91¼.

FRANKFORT, January 12, noon.—Bonds 96a98

LIVERPOOL, January 12, noon.—Cotton opened strong; Uplands 10¾a10¾; Orleans 10¾a10¾; sales 15,000 bales; for the week 186,0 0; export 14,000; speculation 59,000; stock 552,000; American 152,000; receipts 101,000; American 69; actual export 9,000; shipping at Savannah or Charleston 10 11-16.

LATER—Cotton active and firmer; uplands 10¾; Orleans 10¾; sales 25,000; speculation and export 8,000; shipping at Orleans 10¾; stock afloat 329,000; American 138,000.

Atlanta Price-Current

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, January 12, 1 o'clock, P. M.

We note general activity in commercial circles. Meats are firm. Corn is scarce and in demand. Oats are in active demand. Cotton quiet at 19¾ on streets and 20c in warehouse.

FINANCIAL.—The buying price of gold is 107 and the selling price 109. Exchange buying at par; selling ¼c premium. Silver—buying 102; selling 105. Seven per cent. bonds of the city of Atlanta 72a75, eight per cent. 83a85. Six per cent. bonds of the State of Georgia 70a72; seven per cent. 75a78. State of Tennessee bonds—old 65a67; new 65a67. State of Alabama bonds—five per cent. 65; do. eight interest 90a93. Georgia Railroad stock 98a$1. Georgia Railroad bonds 97a$1. Macon and Western Railroad stock $1 08a1 10. Atlanta and LaGrange Railroad stock 93a95; do. bonds 93a$1. Atlanta National Bank stock $1 10.

CORN.—New shelled $2¼a90; car 85a90.

Wheat—Market bare.

Oats are in demand at 70a$1 00.

Rye in demand at $1 25. Market bare.

Barley $1 15. Market bare.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides, 8½; clear rib sides, 7¾; shoulders 6¾.

GROCERIES.—Sugars are firm at 14 for A; 13¾ for Extra C; 13 for Yellow C; 12a12½ for Brown. New Orleans Syrup 68a70. Molasses, 37. Corn Meal, 95a$1. Rice 9c. for tierces. Soap, 6¼a10c. Candles, adamantine 14¾. Tallow 7. Salt $2 15; Virginia, $3. Pepper 28. Ginger, 15. Starch 7¾a8½c. Rio Coffee 23a25; Java 35a38. Cheese, factory, 17. Irish potatoes, eating $4; seed, Early Rose $7a$7 50 per barrel. Onions $5.

BACON—Clear sides 9; clear rib side 8¾; shoulders 7¾; sugar-cured hams 15a16 plain 12a14.

LARD—Buckets, 13; cans, 11¾; tierces, 10¾a11.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Eggs 30. Country butter, well worked 25. Chickens 22a25.

FLOUR.—Market active with advancing tendency for high grades. We quote Superfine at $7; Extra 7 50; Family 9; Fancy $10.

POWDER AND SHOT.—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, $7 25; ½ kegs $4 00; ¼ kegs $2 25. Blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag 2 85; buck, 3 00.

LIQUOR MARKET.—Whisky—rectified 1 00 a1 25 as to proof: Bourbon 1 25a6 00: Robison County 1 50a3 50; Cognac Brandy 1 50a3 00. St. Croix Rum 3 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum 3 00a6 00; Holland Gin 1 50a6 00. Scotch 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter 3 00. French Brandy 4 50a12 00. Wine—Southland Company's Native Sherry 15 00; White and Red 12 00: Sparkling 20 00 per case.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown shirtings 7-8 11; 3-4 9; 4-4 13; bleached shirtings 3-4 8¾a11; 7-8 16¾; brown drills 13½; checks 14; Montour osnaburgs 14; Troup 16; yarns $1 50. Roswell factory $1 50; Columbus shirting 7-8 11; 4-4 12½.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common 55a80; good 75a90; fine to choice $1a1 50.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches, peeled, 8a10c. per pound; unpeeled 4c.

DRY GOODS.—Allens 11; Sprague 11; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 9; Amoskeag 13; Tickings 10¾a20c, Cottonades 18a35.

HAY AND COW FEED.—Clover and Timothy Hay $1 50 per 100 lbs. Wheat bran $1 40. Stock meal 90a95c. Oil meal $35 per ton. Baled shucks $1 40 per 100 pounds.

To Merchants,

—IN—

CITY AND COUNTRY.

DOLLAR STORES!

—AND—

Fifty Cents Stores!

Stop, Think!

DO NOT SEND OFF YOUR ORDERS!

YOU CAN BUY JUST AS CHEAP FROM

McBride & Co.,

AS YOU CAN ANYWHERE IN THE UNITED STATES.

Immense lots of goods arriving every day FROM AUCTION.

Dolls, Table and Pocket Cutlery,

VASES, TOYS,

MOTTO CREPS, MUGS,

And an endless variety of

HOUSE-KEEPERS GOODS!

dec16—dtf

NOTICE.

THE heirs and legatees of Z. R. Jones, deceased, are hereby notified to meet in Decatur, DeKalb county, on Saturday the 20th day of January, 1872, for the purpose of making settlement with the Administrator. J. W. JONES,
dec31-td Administrator.

Livery Stable for Sale,

IN the fast growing town of Dalton, Georgia. Six Horses; two Hacks; three Buggies; one 2-Horse Wagon and all the running gear and harness. Stable in the centre of the town, near the car shed.

For further particulars address or call on Post-office Box 104. dec23—dtf

SOUTHERN

Masonic Female College.

THE SPRING TERM of this Institution opens the 15th inst. Having been fully endorsed by the Grand Lodge at the last communication, and the whole operation of the College being put upon an enlarged scale, let those interested send for circulars.

The price of Board is reduced to $16 00 per month, washing included, $ 8. Entire cost for Collegiate year, embracing Music and Incidentals, $312; without Music, $236.

A uniform attire will be adopted by the middle of Spring Term.

Address Rev. J. N BRADSHAW, President,
jan9—d1w Covington, Ga.

The Orphans' Free School,

Founded and maintained by the

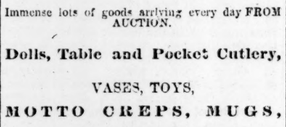
GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,

OPENED its seventh session, on Monday last, the 8th instant, with over one hundred pupils.

☞ Books, Stationery, tuition, etc, are furnished by the Lottery,

Free of Charge!

jan10-1w



GROOMES & REECE,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,

AND DEALERS IN FIRST-CLASS METALLIC and WOODEN BURIAL CASES and CASKETS. Will attend promptly to all FUNERALS in city or surrounding country, with FINE HEARSES, including a beautiful Hearse for children. Can be found at any hour, either night or day, at their Establishment, No. 29 Alabama Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

Orders by Telegraph attended to promptly.

Special attention given to Disintering, Removing and Shipping of Bodies. dec31—d1y

For Sale.

20 TWO, THREE AND FOUR-HORSE JACKSON WAGONS. The Jackson Wagon took Premium over the Studebaker's, at Michigan State Fair 1871.

Great variety of One and Two-Horse Plows.

50 Wood Pumps, for shallow and deep wells, at Low Prices; Warranted to give satisfaction.

10 barrels Early Rose Planting Potatoes.

Garden Seeds.
Seed Oats.
Feed Cutters.
Harrows,
Plow Handles, etc., etc.

AGENTS FOR

Steam Engines, Saw and Grist Mills

—AND—

Planing Machines, Water Wheels, Guano, etc.

☞ Planters and Mechanics, please call and examine our Price List.

jan10-d2w ANDERSON & WELLS.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS IN GEORGIA MAY BE SEEN AT

nov11-dtf ECHOLS & WILSON'S.

MONUMENT

—TO THE—

Confederate Dead of Georgia,

And to those Soldiers from

OTHER CONFEDERATE STATES,

WHO WERE KILLED OR

DIED IN THIS STATE.

—:o:—

THE MONUMENT TO COST $50,000.

—:o:—

THE CORNER STONE, it is proposed shall be laid as soon as the receipts will permit.

2,000 Prizes, Valued at $300,000.

That Amount, only, in Tickets, to be Sold.

For every Five Dollars subscribed before the first day of February, 1872, and for every Ten Dollars after that date, there will be given a certificate of Life Membership to the Monumental Association. This certificate will entitle the owner thereof to an equal interest in the following property, to be distributed as so soon as requisite number of shares are sold, to-wit:

FIRST. Nine hundred and One Acres of Land in Lincoln county, Georgia, on which are the well known Magruder Gold and Copper Mines, valued at..... $150,000.

And to Seventeen Hundred and Forty-Four Shares in One Hundred Thousand Dollars of United States Currency, to-wit:

1 Share of	$10,000	$	10,000
1 " of	5,000		5,000
2 " of	2,500		5,000
10 " of	2,000		20,000
10 " of	1,000		10,000
20 " of	500		10 000
100 " of	100		10,000
200 " of	50		10,000
400 " of	25		10,000
1000 " of	10		10,000
			$100,000

From the First-class Real Estate offered by well known patriotic Citizens, to Confederate Monumental Association, the following Prizes have been selected, and added to the foregoing Shares:

1.—BERZILIA. This well known Resort, with the Large Residence, Store, etc., and Four Hundred Acres of Land, immediately on the Georgia Railroad, and twenty miles from Augusta. Paying an annual yield of Fifteen Thousand Dollars.

2.—The well known CITY HOTEL, fronting on Broad street. The building is of Brick, three Stories high, 134x70 feet. Valued at $26,000.

3.—The SOLITUDE PLANTATION, in Russell county, Alabama, on the Chattahoochee River, with elegant and commodious Improvements. The average Rental since 1861 has been over ($7,000) Seven Thousand Dollars.

4.—That LARGE BRICK RESIDENCE & STORE, on the Northwest corner of Broad and Centre streets, known as the Phinizy or Bandry House. Rent Two Thousand Dollars.

5.—The ROGERS HOUSE, on Greene street, a new and elegant Brick Residence, in most desirable portion of that beautiful street. Valued at $16,000.

6.—FLAT BUSH, with 120 Acres of Land, half a mile from City Limits, the elegant Suburban Residence of Antoine Poullain, Esq., in good order. Valued at $16,000.

7.—The DEARING HOUSE, a large and commodious Residence, with Thirty City Lots 60x210 feet, fronting on McKinne and Carnes streets. Valued at $16,000.

8.—STANTON RESIDENCE & ORCHARD, on the Georgia Railroad. Valued at $5,000.

Also—One Share of One Hundred Bales of Cotton.
One Share of Fifty Bales of Cotton.
One Share of Twenty-Five Bales of Cotton.
244 Shares of One Bale each.
The Bales to average 400 pounds, and class Liverpool Middling.

The value of the seperate interest to which the Holder of each Certificate will be entitled, will be determined by the Commissioners, who will announce to the public the manner, the time, and place of the distribution.

The following gentlemen have consented to act as Commissioners, and will, either by a Committee from their own body, or by Special Trustees appointed by themselves, receive and take proper charge of the money for the Monument, as well as the Real Estate and the United States Currency offered as inducements for subscription, and will determine upon the plan for the Monument, the description thereon, the site therefor, select an orator for the occasion, and regulate the ceremonies to be observed when the corner stone is laid, to-wit:

General L. McLaws, Gen. A. R. Wright, Gen. M. A. Stovall, Gen. W. M. Gardner, Gen. Goode Bryan, Col. C. Snead, Col. Wm. P. Crawford, Major Jos. B. Cumming, Major George T. Jackson, Major Joseph Gaudi, Major I. P. Girardey, Hon R. H. May, Adam Johnston, Jonathan M. Miller W. H. Goodrich, J. D. Batt, Henry Moore, Dr. W. E. Dearing.

Agents are allowed twenty per cent. They are required to pay their own expenses; Tickets and Circulars alone being furnished them. They will remit weekly, the amounts from sales received, less their Commissions. (No Commissions will be deducted from simple contributions.)

The Price of Tickets (five dollars) will be the same until the First day of February next, on and after which day it is proposed that one-half the Tickets unsold will be withdrawn, the remainder to be sold at Ten Dollars each, the purchaser to be on same footing in every particular with those previously sold.

On account of the very great labor required of the General Agents, the offered services of one or more prominent gentlemen, well and favorably known throughout the South, will be accepted to act with us.

Parties desiring to contribute to the Monument, and who do not wish to participate in the award, will receive a special receipt. The money will be turned over to the Treasurer, and will be appropriated to the Monument without any deduction whatever.

L. & A. H. McLAWS,
General Agents.
No 2 Old P. O. Range, McIntosh St.,
HON. JAS. M. SMYTHE, Augusta, Ga.
Traveling Agent. dec9 d1m

Campbell House.

THIS HOUSE has just been repaired and furnished. Transient and Permanent Board on reasonable terms. Baggage handled free.

MRS. LAURA HUGHEN,
oct6-6m Proprietress.

TIBBS HOUSE,

Dalton, Ga.

L. B. STONE. J. B. WIMBERLY.
dec8-dtf

A CARD TO THE TRADE!!

—:o:—

REDWINE & FOX.

HAVING enlarged our store by connecting the adjoining room to it, we are prepared to offer to the trade unsurpassed facilities in the selection of goods in our line.

OUR STOCK OF DRUGS, AS ALSO OF

Window Glass, White Leads, Oils, etc.,

has been increased by selections from the best manufactors, so that we are able not only to sell choice goods but to give the lowest market prices.

We call special attention to our KEROSENE OIL, (150 degrees fire test), which cannot be surpassed for brilliancy of light, and is, at the same time, entirely safe from explosion.

Our Prescription Department

Is being remodeled, and we are prepared to fill Prescriptions, of the purest Chemicals, with neatness and dispatch. This department is in charge of

Mr. Palmer and Dr. A. C. FOX,

Late of Virginia. The former is well and favorably known to our citizens. The latter is a gentleman of long experience in the business and a graduate of Medicine and Pharmacy.

A careful examination of our stock and prices is respectfully solicited.

aug24 —june7—nov5-dtf REDWINE & FOX.

J. CHAS. APPLEBY. GEO. W. HELME

APPLEBY & HELME

SUCCESSORS TO

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133 WATER AND 85 PINE STREETS,

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YOU WILL FIND

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SIGN OF BIG IRON BOOT,

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THE FINEST, MOST FASHIONABLE, AND SUPERIOR MADE

BOOTS AND SHOES

FOR THE RETAIL TRADE

CUSTOM WORK OF ALL GRADES OUR SPECIALTY,

OUR WHOLESALE STOCK IS COMPLETE, TO WHICH WE ASK ATTENTION OF MERCHANTS.

nov1— oct22—d2w

LADIES, TAKE NOTICE!!

The Largest Variety of Goods in the City can be found

—AT—

MRS. FRANK'S,

Decatur Street, Opposite City Park.

—:o:—

FASHIONABLE and carefully selected stock of Dry Goods at MRS. FRANK'S.

Complete Stock of French and American Millinery Goods at MRS. FRANK'S.

Largest stock of German, English and American Hosiery in the city, at MRS. FRANK'S.

Ladies' ready-made Suits, Cloaks and Shawls, for fall and winter wear, at MRS. FRANK'S.

Ladies' and Children's Furs, of the latest styles, and complete assortment of all grades, at MRS. FRANK'S.

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Gr at variety of Lace and Linen Collars, Edging, Laces, Trimmings, Zephyr Woods, Canvas, Patterns etc., at MRS. FRANK'S.

Baltimore city made Ladies' and Misses' Shoes—every pair warranted, at MRS. FRANK'S.

Gilt and Plated Bridle Fringe, Stars, Tassels, etc., for mounted soldiers and party purposes, at MRS. FRANK'S.

It is impossible to enumerate all articles kept at my establishment. Give me a call and you will find what you want, at low figures. My bargains are not in all cases mouth, but are found at my Store in the shelves and on the counters. Respectfully,
oct13-dtf Decatur street, opposite City Park.

L. SCOFIELD, President. L. SCOFIELD, Jr., Secretary.

The Scofield Rolling Mill Company,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Manufacturers of

RAILROAD AND MERCHANT BAR IRON,

Fish Bars, Spikes, Etc.

THIS COMPANY HAS RECENTLY ADDED TO THEIR WORKS THE

Most Improved Machinery

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Special attention given to the manufacture of a good article of IRON for consumers.

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oct6—d1y

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OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

CITIES REFUTATION.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, JANUARY 13 1872

Subscribe to The Constitution

A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

The Public Laws.

THE CONSTITUTION office is prepared to supply orders for the Public Laws of Georgia, passed at the last session, with an appendix containing Court Calendar, the Government of Georgia, etc. Price per pamphlet, $1. Apply at the business office.

Judge W. F. Wright.

We learn that members of the bar in his circuit have almost unanimously petitioned Governor Smith for the retention of Judge W. F. Wright as Judge. This petition has been joined in by many citizens.

Art.

We feel that we are only serving the interests of our people and the weal of Atlanta by aiding in the sale of works of art, for every additional painting in the homes of our citizens cultivates their taste for the beautiful, refining and ennobling. We have therefore called attention repeatedly to the sale of fine paintings on Marietta street, and we are delighted to know that so many have availed themselves of the opportunity offered. This evening is the last of the sale.

Conley's Pardon of Blodgett.

The history of Radicalism shows no more monstrous perversion of official duty than Conley's pardon of Blodgett, He gives him absolution for everything. With one stroke he strives to sweep out every crime from a bad man's record.

It is simply shocking, shocking, shocking! In one respect it is fortunate. It shows that Conley went out of office none too soon for Georgia's good. It is fortunate in still another respect. It is void as to every act of crime not touched in the two presentments.

That Conley should pardon Blodgett for crimes that Blodgett may have committed, but of which Conley knows nothing; that he should pardon crimes unalleged, and therefore uninvestigated, and their guilt or innocence unknown, is the most outrageous exercise of the pardon power ever known.

Surely Conley must have been in a fit of madness, idiotcy or drunkenness to have perpetrated so wanton and indefensible an official wrong.

The Radical rule in Georgia.

On the 30th of January, 1868, in a period of peace, Charles J. Jenkins, a Democratic Governor of Georgia, was expelled by General Meade, a General of the United States Army, from the Chief Magistracy of a great State to which he had been called by the voice of the people expressed at the ballot box; and General Ruger another Federal officer, was placed in the gubernatorial chair.

This bayonet usurpation began the term of Radical rule. The overthrow of civil government thus fitly inaugurated the dark episode of Radical domination in Georgia. Begot with revolution, its continuance was consistent.

On the 4th of July, through the fraud of a sham election, Rufus B. Bullock, a New York adventurer, assumed the Chief Magistracy as Provisional Governor, and on the 21st of July he was sworn in as the regular Executive.

On the 30th of October, 1871, he resigned the office to escape the penalty of his crimes, and bequeathed it to Benjamin Conley, his friend and colleague in Radicalism. On the 12th of January, 1872, James M. Smith, Democratic Governor elect was installed in the Executive office, and the Radical domination ended.

From the 30th of January, 1868, to the 12th of January, 1872, a period of four years, lacking eighteen days, that domination lasted.

To-day, in the light of hope and peace, that dark period seems like a dark dream. It was a period of chaos, anarchy, corruption, social and political disorder. Such a carnival of roguery and upheaved society may we never see again in Georgia.

We feel like an incubus has been taken from us. Georgia has reason to thank God.

Atlanta and Great Western Canal.

We copy below from the editorial columns of the Macon Telegraph and Messenger, and are glad to see that our sister city is alive on the importance of this great enterprise. There is no city in the interior of the State that will be more benefitted by the Canal than Macon, except, perhaps, Atlanta. And we hope to see our city government at an early day moving in the matter. The work will be worth a dozen railroads to our advancement. No city subscription is asked or desired. All that Atlanta has been called upon to contribute is free influence. And we say, gentlemen of the Council, let us have *that*. Send some one to Washington to represent our integrity in this matter. The giving of our influence to this matter will neither swell the city debt nor increase the taxes.

We learn that Colonel Frobel, Superintendent of Public Works for the State of Georgia, upon invitation of the City Council, will address our people some evening the latter part of this week, upon that great enterprise, the Great Western and Atlantic Canal. Colonel Frobel has made himself thorough master of the subject, and will demonstrate the perfect feasibility of the project and its immense importance to Georgia, the South and the West, and its grand results upon the fortunes of this city.

The surveys of the route have now been completed as far as the Chattahoochee river, and have proved unexpectedly favorable This passes every difficulty of the route and all the rest is plain sailing. Colonel Frobel will give us all the latest facts in relation to the enterprise, and it is one which should enthuse every man, not only in Macon, but in all this section of Georgia. Let the people turn out and give the speaker an overwhelming auditory. We will announce time and place hereafter.

The Georgia Western Road.

In our last article, we showed how Atlanta was losing trade, that she must substitute in order to keep up her progress, and that the Georgia Western Road opened up a new and vast source of business that should be utilized at once and at any cost.

This road not only gives us a new and rich section of country as a tributary to Atlanta, but places us in closer connection with many commercial points of importance than we now are.

The figures we give are, of course, proximate, as the precise line of the road is not yet known.

Carrollton will be 63 miles nearer to Atlanta by this road than by the Cartersville and Van Wert Road; Talladega 57 miles nearer than by Rome; Elyton 44 miles nearer; Jasper 44 miles; Aberdeen 100 miles nearer than by the Mobile and Ohio and Memphis and Charleston Roads; Grenada, 116 miles nearer.

The country through which the Georgia Western passes is a very rich one, and its local business alone would make it worth the cost of construction to Atlanta, apart from its immense value as a direct inlet for the trade of the great West.

It passes through five counties of Georgia—Campbell, Carroll, Paulding, Harralson and Heard—that had in 1860 a population of 41,164, improved farms of 215,475 acres, worth $4,736,848, live stock worth $1,219,108, and raising 1,083,997 bushels of corn 136,787 bushels of wheat, 17,871 bales of cotton, and oats, peas, honey, butter, sweet potatoes, etc., in proportion.

It will draw tribute from thirty-three counties in Alabama having 640,141 people in 1860; improved farms of four million acres, worth ninety-five millions of dollars, raising twenty millions bushels of corn and other products in proportion.

It will also draw tribute from twenty-two counties in Mississippi with 350,000 population, and farms, products, and stock in proportion.

This will give a grand aggregate of tributary country having in 1860 a population of one million, with seven millions of acres of improved farms worth two hundred millions of dollars, live stock worth fifty millions, raising forty millions bushels of corn, two millions bushels of wheat, a million and a quarter bales of cotton, five millions bushels of sweet potatoes, and other products to match.

This road will control the largest proportion of this vast business, and help to develop it to still greater and more remunerative proportions. And Atlanta will monopolize this trade by a road managed in her own interest. Our people are beginning to learn how railroad discriminations affect our trade A railroad in our own direction cannot thus discriminate, and can be used to powerfully advance our local interest. The experience of Philadelphia with her Pennsylvania Central, and of Baltimore with her Baltimore and Ohio railways, are cases in point, and illustrate what great things can be done for a city by a leading railway in her own interest.

Atlanta must have her Georgia Western Railroad, and she must put enough money into it to control its management as well as secure its early construction.

The Whe cabonts of the Cherokee Railroad, Alias Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad Bonds.

We have it in our power to state some facts about the bonds of the Cartersville and Van Wert or Cherokee Railroad. There are two sets; one, of $275,000 called the Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad bond was issued and indorsed April and June, 1871, before five miles of the road were completed. These bonds are held by Henry Clews & Co., who informed Governor Bullock, as that individual states, that they were cancelled. They were issued under Colonel Mark A. Cooper, as President.

The other set of $300,000, called the Cherokee Railroad bonds, were issued and indorsed in September, 1871, to be substituted for the first issue. They were issued under Kimball, as President, and B. P. Frink, as Secretary.

These last bonds are in the following hands: Morton, Bliss & Co., of New York have $100,000, hypothecated for $60,000 loaned to H. I. Kimball. The New York Commercial Warehouse Company has $160,000. De Rham & Co., of New York, have $4,000, hypothecated for $3,400 loaned to Kimball. Thurber & Co., of New York have $36,000. Gilead A. Smith, of New York, has $25,000.

In addition to these bonds, amounting to $325,000, A. S. Whitton, of New York, Treasurer of the Cherokee Railroad Company, has $267,000 of the same bonds. It is not known whether they are indorsed.

H. I. Kimball also issued $300,000 of the second mortgage bonds of the Cherokee Railroad. Of these the New York Commercial Warehouse Company hold $240,000, and Mr. Kneeland holds $50,000.

We find that in the Secretary of State's office $30,000 of the Cherokee Railroad bonds indorsed by the State, were registered in September.

Altogether, then, there are out of the bonds of this road—

Cartersville and Van Wert bonds	$ 275,000
Cherokee Railroad bonds	592,000
Cherokee second mortgage bonds	300,000
	$1,167,000

This makes an aggregate of one million one hundred and sixty seven thousand dollars of bonds of which $775,000 are known to have the State's indorsement.

We find in the Cartersville Standard and Express a letter from Colonel Mark A. Cooper the former President of the road, commenting on Conley's attempted seizure of the road on Clews' petition and its delivery to Clews' attorney. He says that the validity of the bonds is questioned by the Legislature and an investigation ordered. Conley anticipates this investigation and decides the issue in favor of Clews. He says none of the $275,000 of the bonds held by Clews were ever issued by him, Colonel Cooper, as President, except the 75 bonds to H. I. Kimball to be used as collateral to protect his credit for iron, the bonds to be returned to Colonel Cooper on five days notice. He says not a bond has ever been indorsed by the Governor by his order, consent, procurement or knowledge. On the contrary, he says it was stipulated that the bonds should not be indorsed or used without his order, and he has never so ordered, or been requested to so order.

He thinks Clews should be paid, but not on account of these bonds, because they are not legal, and he don't legally own them. He suggests the withdrawal of the old bonds and the issue of new ones, or the old ones ratified. Colonel Cooper says he can find parties to take the road at the valuation of the State's indorsement.

We have in our possession a copy of the correspondence in regard to the issue of the Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad bonds, which we give as follows:

ATLANTA, GA., April 11, 1870.

Hon. Mark A. Cooper, President Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad Company:

DEAR SIR—We have to request that you issue an order addressed to his Excellency Governor Bullock, requesting him to turn over to Henry Clews & Co., bankers, No. 32, Wall street, New York, the bonds of the Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad Company for the purpose of securing the payment to the Bethlehem Iron Company for one thousand tons of railroad iron, furnished for said road, and for any advances said Henry Clews & Co. may have made to us as contractors on said road whenever the same shall have been indorsed by him in accordance with law. Respectfully, your ob't serv'ts,

LAMAN, CONANT & Co., Contractors.

To His Excellency, Governor R. B. Bullock:

In compliance with the within request I hereby request you to deliver the said bonds referred to to Henry Clews & Co, for the purpose therein specified, when the same shall have been indorsed by you, according to law. I do this in part performance of my contract with Messrs. Laman, Conant & Co. You will please advise me your action in this matter and oblige.

I am, Governor, respectfully your ob't s'vt,

MARK A. COOPER,
President C. and W. R. R. Co.

CARTERSVILLE, April 12, 1870.

On the 12th of April, the date of the above letter from Colonel Cooper to Bullock, Colonel Cooper, President of the road, delivered to D. G. Cotting, Secretary of State, $100,000 of these bonds, taking Cotting's receipt to be substituted by the Governor's, which was never done. On the 19th, the same day, Colonel Cooper delivered $300 000 more of the bonds to Perino Brown to hold. On the 22d of June, Kimball got from Brown on Cooper's order $100,000 of the bonds in his hands; and on the 9th of August Kimball got from Brown $75,000 on Cooper's order.

We shall give some other facts shortly.

The Credit of Southern Bonds.

We find the following article in the New York Bulletin under the above heading. We commend it to our readers as being of unusual interest at this time. It refers to our Georgia securities at some length.

The article is written with considerable fairness and justice. It states an important truth, that we have reiterated over and over again, that we will redeem every *just* debt.

Another very great and comprehensive truth is stated, viz: that the financial trouble of the Southern States are due to the miserable carpet bag governments we have had forced upon us by Federal bayonets. The point with us now is simply to marshal our assets, ascertain our just debts and pay them.

In this connection it may not be inappropriate to call the attention of the Assembly to the fact that over $600,000 of our old bonds fall due in June and July, and arrangements must be made for meeting that debt promptly. The punctual payment of legitimate indebtedness will be the best answer to the base slander of repudiation.

But to the Bulletin's article:

The failure of some of the Southern States to make provision for the payment of the January interest on their bonded debts, and the refusal of one of them (Georgia) to pay the interest on bonds issued since 1868, without absolute proof of their bona fide character, brings the whole question of the social, industrial and political condition of the South once more before the attention of the whole American people. The political features will, of course, be only considered by this journal so far as they necessarily affect material or business interests.

So far it appears that the States of North and South Carolina, Tennessee, Florida and Virginia, make no provision whatever for the payment of their interest. Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana and Georgia provide for only a portion of their interest, while Texas and West Virginia are in the fortunate position of having no debts.

While this partial repudiation of these debts by so many States which were formerly distinguished for their high credit and prompt discharge of all their obligations, is a matter of deep regret as well as serious embarrassment to holders of bonds, justice and candor compel the admission that the South is entitled to some forbearance and leniency in view of the facts of the case. At any rate New York who is still smarting under the frauds of the ring politicians, and who even threaten to dispute the legality of some of the more recently issued city bonds, should be the last to censure too severely the conduct of States which were, and are still, compelled to bear the extortions of the most utterly corrupt rulers that even reduced a people to bankruptcy and ruin. Some of the Southern States, as South Carolina, for example, have been reduced and exhausted by the extravagance of their respective Legislatures and officials that it is a matter of necessity rather than choice to ask an extension of time from their creditors. That all the States will ultimately redeem their just debt we have every reason to believe.

The case of Georgia may be taken as affording a fair illustration of the general position of the South. That State proposes to pay interest on the acknowledged bonds issued previously to 1868, to the amount of $5,514,500. The interest on the bonds issued since that date, amounting, it is supposed, to about $6,000,000, is withheld pending a preliminary investigation into the validity of their issue and proof that the State received a fair, actual consideration for them By a law passed by the Legislature over the Governor's veto, holders of bonds dated since 1868 are required to report them for examination by a special commission, on or before the 1st of May next. The holders are expected to show whether they were fairly or fraudulently acquired, and the circumstances of their transfer are to be inquired into and reported to the Legislature, which will then take action on the subject. Of course this investigation temporarily impairs the value of all the Georgia bonds issued since 1868, and may cause great loss to innocent holders. But there is too much reason to suppose that many of these bonds were issued fraudulently by Governor J. Hodek, and even the exact amount for which the State is held liable cannot be accurately ascertained. Under these circumstances, the delay in the payment of the interest pending the results of the legislative investigation must be regarded as presenting some migrating points.

In the other States it is nearly the same. In South Carolina there is an apparent overissue of State bonds by the Governor and State officials of $6,314,000, and grave suspicions of still further frauds. In North Carolina, which is also unable to meet her obligations, there has been the most glaring frauds in the administration of the State funds, leading to the impeachment and removal of Governor Holden for mal-administration. Louisiana will fail $2,000,000 short of funds to meet her matured debt and interest due January 1st. Virginia has been obliged to fund interest on her debt, and the most favorable estimates show a deficiency of $261,185 of the funds required to meet the July interest.

There can be no difficulty in tracing the unfavorable financial condition of nearly all the Southern States to the wasteful prodigality of officials who had no permanent interest in the States which they represented, no sympathy with the material welfare of the inhabitants, and who were, for the most part, maintained in power contrary to the wishes of the majority. Whatever difference of opinion may prevail as to the results in a political point of view, there can be no question of the disastrous effects on the business interests of the South and of the entire country.

Fisk and the Confederacy.

The New York papers are reviving some of Fisk's achievements. They certainly show him to have been a sharp man. The following in connection with the Confederate surrender will have a special interest for our readers:

The story of the elder Rothschild's journey from Brussels to London after he had been assured of the overthrow of Napoleon at Waterloo, and of his immense and successful speculations there in consequence, is well known. But James Fisk, Jr., conceived and executed an equally brilliant stroke at the close of our war of the rebellion, the particulars of which, we think, have never yet been published. With that sagacity which distinguished him in all his career, Fisk saw that when on the 2d of April, 1865, General Lee was driven from Petersburg, his surrender could not be far distant.

A BRILLIANT IDEA.

He immediately went to Boston, consulted with some of his financial friends and made them partners in his scheme. This was to get the news of the surrender of Lee and the collapse of the Confederacy for use on 'Change in London in advance of the mail. It will be remembered that the Atlantic cable was not then laid. A small, swift steamer, formerly a blockade runner, was purchased, fitted out and sent to Halifax in ballast. Neither the captain nor officers of the steamer knew her destination. The secret of her mission was solely confided to an agent of Fisk, who was the only passenger on board.

STEAM WAS KEPT UP

day and night, and everything was in readiness for a start across the Atlantic. Days went by, and still the steamer lay quietly in the harbor of Halifax, awaiting the expected message from Fisk. At length it came. If James Fisk, Jr., had tried his best he could not have indited a shorter dispatch. It was dated at Boston, signed Fisk, and contained but one word—

"GO."

The blockade runner started for Queenstown immediately and got there two days ahead of the mail steamer. The agent speeded across Ireland to London and commenced operations. Before twenty-four hours elapsed he sold "short" (that is, sold what he had not got) $5,000,000 in Confederate bonds. He had orders from Fisk to sell as long as he could get buyers, but was restrained by partner of one of the Boston men, who was cursed with prudence. But the operation was pretty successful; the "syndicate" divided between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000, the proceeds of the "speculation." This was a lift for James Fisk, Jr., which was very welcome.

A Newport swain received a love letter sixty-seven pages long.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE

HOUSE—AFTERNOON SESSION.
FRIDAY, January 12, 1872.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. McMillian for a few days.

Mr. Heidt moved to take up the report of the committee, which declared that there are about a half dozen measures necessary to be acted on at this session, to-wit: In relation to the Appropriation act, the Tax act, the bill to make provision for the payment of interest on bonds falling due, the perfection of the School law, and a bill to create a county court, and providing that no other new matter be introduced without a two-third vote of the General Assembly. This motion prevailed.

The report was amended by striking out the part of the report which refers to new matter, and adding the words "that the bills named in said report shall have precedence of all other matters."

The report as amended was adopted.

The following bills were read the first time:

Mr. Faulk, for the relief of William Russells.

Also, to change the line between the counties of Irwin and Faulk.

Mr. Hancock, to incorporate the town of Jefferson.

Mr. Jackson, to incorporate the Georgia Reliable Insurance Company of Atlanta.

Mr. Barron—To consolidate the offices of Tax Collector and Sheriff in Jones county.

Also, to incorporate the town of Clinton

Mr. Lang—To prohibit the sale, etc., of farm products in Lincoln county between sunset and sun-rise.

Also, to fix the bonds of officers in Lincoln county.

Mr. Converse—To authorize the issue of bonds in Lowndes county to build a court house.

Also, to vest the title of the Market Square in Valdosta in the authorities of said town.

Mr. Lipsey—To remove the county site of Lee county.

Also, to incorporate the town of Wootten.

Also, to pay the Ordinary of Lee county a salary.

Also, to refund certain money to G. E. Edwards, former tax collector of Lee county.

Mr. Meadows—To change the line between Madison and Jackson counties.

Mr. Griffin, of Houston—To amend the charter of the Georgia Military Institute.

Mr. Hall, of Merriwether—To make all contracts relating to interest on money legal.

Mr. Bush—To legalize the adjournment of Miller Superior Court.

Also, to make it penal to sell any property subject to lien of execution, etc.

Mr Howell—To create a Board of Commissioners for Milton county.

Also, to alter the road laws, so far as relates to Milton county.

Mr. Pou—To regulate the pay of Sheriffs for keeping live stock.

Also, to change time of holding Mucogee Superior Courts.

Mr. Davis of Newton—To repeal an act to secure the rents, profits, etc., arising from the homestead.

Also, a resolution in relation to the State Agricultural Society.

A resolution by Mr. W. D. Anderson raising a committee to investigate the sale of the land scrip granted to this State by coupons was adopted.

Several bills were read second time.

The House then adjourned until 10 A. M. to-morrow.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—A full Cabinet to-day.

The new Portugese Minister presented his credentials to-day.

The Senate Committee on Public Lands will give McGarrahan another hearing.

Martial law for Louisiana or the appointment of a Congressional committee is now regarded as improbable.

In the House the Committee on Post Offices were directed to inquire into contracts of the Post Office Department for the transportation of mails, with power to send for persons and papers.

It was ordered that the mileage and sessions be paid to the heirs of James McCleary, late member from Louisiana.

No session of the Senate.

NEW YORK

NEW YORK, January 12.—Agricultural College Land Scrip for 270,000 acres of land donated by the United States to the State of Georgia, has been sold to G. F. Lewis, of Cleveland, Ohio, for $243,000. It was delivered to-day at the Fourth National Bank

James Hunter, a liquor dealer, shot his mistress at his store on Fulton street.

Two hundred people were arrested at a cock fight in Hoboken, but were released with a reprimand.

The Medical Society are framing a law for the suppression of illegal practitioners.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, January 12.—The political muddle is unchanged.

In the Senate only a quorum were present to-day.

In the House (Warmouth) fifty were present.

A resolution was passed appointing a Committee to inquire into the facts concerning the discharge of the grand jury by Judge Abell.

A bill of impeachment is threatened.

Speaker Carter surrendered himself before the First District Court, a bench warrant having been issued for him on that account.

The Wheyland homicide case is progressing.

General expectation of martial law to-day seemed to have a quieting effect.

CUBA.

HANOVER, January 12.—The Cuban General, Manuel Agramonte, with eighty armed men and officers belonging to distinguished families, surrendered at Jamaguaya yesterday, and arrived at Puerto Principe to-day. Agramonte was received by Spanish Colonels, Cubans and Lemelino and several ex-Cuban Generals, a few leagues from Puerto Principe, and escorted to the city. The surrender of Agramonte was hastened by troubles caused by Villaniel and Scambrana.

The balance of Agramonte's band are dispersed about Anitray, preparing to surrender. Agramonte reports that the insurgent bands remaining near Peurto Principe are preparing to go into the Eastern Department. The insurgent Colonel, Emile Perioss, who was captured lately, has been executed at Santo Spiritus.

HAYTI.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, January 3, via Havana, January 12.—The Prussian man-of-war has arrived at this port, and her officer commanding demands the settlement of the German losses occasioned during the revolution.

A French man-of-war has also arrived and demands a settlement of the French debt.

The affairs of the country are in a critical condition. The ministry have resigned.

The United States frigate Congress is expected here.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, January 12.—Small pox continues to spread in all parts of the British Isles.

Cardinal Cullen, in a pastoral letter, permits the use of meats on Friday, for sanitary reasons, on account of the prevalence of disease.

Twelve miners were killed by the Oakland colliery explosion.

The steamship Eric, encountering heavy weather, returned for coal. The steamer Spain turned back to Liverpool, with a broken screw.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 12.—Differences have arisen in the Cabinet with regard to the policy to be pursued in Cuba, and appointment of Marshal Concha as Captain-General of the Island. The departure of the latter from Cadiz is consequently deferred.

The Papal legation will soon be re-established here. The name of the future Nemcio has not been announced.

FRANCE.

PARIS, January 12.—It is reported that President Thiers has been requested by Gambetta to discontinue his public addresses in South France, and the malicious rumor which intimates that he made a request at Bedding of Bismarck.

A committee of the Assembly has reported unanimously in favor of repealing the law sequestrating the estates of the Orleans Princes.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—The following telegram was received here to-day:

To His Excellency, the President of the United States:

I must again renew and urge my request for declaration of martial law in the parish of New Orleans. The public mind is in a state of great excitement and alarm. Any hour may bring a collision which would only end in a scene of bloodshed. The desire for martial law is nearly universal with good citizens of all classes.

BENJ. F. FLANDERS,
Mayor of New Orleans.

This correspondence was considered in Cabinet session and it was decided that martial law will not be proclaimed in New Orleans under existing circumstances, and no assistance will be given by the Federal authorities to persons or parties unlawfully resisting the constitutional authorities of the States. The President accordingly telegraphed the same to Mayor Flanders.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 12.—Douglass won the pigeon match at Jerome Park to-day, killing 23 of 25 pigeons, Bennett killing 20. The Marshal was present. No interference by the police.

Captain Murray, of the schooner General Torbert, from Newbern, N. C., was lost off Hatteras.

General Jordon, the Cuban leader, has been honorably discharged from custody by Judge Benedict, who recommended that the witnessed be indicted for perjury.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, January 12.—Capt. Krammer, who, in absence of Admiral Poisset, is in charge of the Russian fleet now in the New York harbor, left here yesterday with orders to move the fleet to Pensacola, and be in readiness to receive the Grand Duke at the termination of his Southern trip.

FRANCE.

PARIS, January 12.—The Committee of Parliamentary Initiative reported to the Assembly a bill providing for the release of all Communists now confined in the Hulks, who are not known to be guilty of criminal acts.

BAVARIA.

MUNICH, January 12—In the Bavarian Chambers to-day, the government, in reply to an interpolation from the opposition, justified its enforcement of the old Catholic Church burial services.

Anecdote of Henry Clay.

Formerly, a very large, well known, and somewhat noted Billy goat roamed at large the streets of Washington, and the newspaper boys, boot blacks, and street imps, generally made common cause against him. Clay never liked to see dumb animals abused or worried, and on one occasion, while passing down the avenue, a large crowd of these mischievious urchins were at their usual sport. Mr. Clay with his walking stick, drove them away, giving them a sound lecture in the meanwhile. As they scampered off and scattered in every direction, Billy, seeing no one but Mr. Clay within reach, made a charge on him. Clay dropped his cane and caught his goatship by the horns. The goat would rear up, being nearly as high as the tall Kentuckian himself, and the latter would pull him down again. This sort of sport soon became tiresome, and he could conceive of no way by which he could free himself from the two-horned dilemma, so, in his desperation, he sung out to the boys to know what to do. One of the smallest in the crowd shouted back: "Let go and run, you d—n fool!" Clay always maintained that though he signed the treaty of peace at Ghent, yet that ragged boy knew more than he did.

HOW TO WALK GRACEFULLY.—Dr. Dio Lewis writes as follows upon this graceful subject: "A graceful walk is rare. A queenly, elastic step atones for a homely face. It was her expert walking from one side of the stage to the other, while she never said a word, that constituted Mr. Charles Kean's great attraction in a play that had a run of 150 nights. The prerequisites for fine walking are, first, shoes made to fit the feet; second, the clothing about the waist loose. The corset is a deadly enemy to fine walking, as it is to life. Third, carrying the chin close to the neck. The soles of the shoes should correspond precisely to the bottom of the feet, as outlined by a pencil mark drawn around the foot. As now made, the sole is an inch and a half smaller than the foot, and the result is a plentiful crop of corns and bunions, and in conjunction with the high heel, an awkward gait and bent position of the body in walking.

☞ The common Arbor Vitæ, or *Thuja occidentalis*, used largely for hedging, can easily be grown from cuttings. It, in fact, is almost as easily grown as willow or currant. Make the cuttings early in winter and plant them at once in boxes of sand, and keep in a cool cellar and then transplant as soon as the frost has left the ground in the spring and they become a little firm; or make the cuttings early in May and plant at once in well pulverized sandy ground, giving immediately a mulching of saw dust, half rotten leaves, etc., of about three inches deep. The cuttings should be of the past season's growth, and each about six inches long, one-half of which should be inserted in the soil.

ALL ABOUT DIMPLES.—Dimples are the perpetual smile of nature—the very cunningest device and lurking place of love. When earth is dimpled by hills and valleys, it always seems to laugh; when the ocean is dimpled by the breeze, it sparkles with joy beneath the sunshine of heaven. We cannot look for frowns upon a dimpled face; frowns and dimples will not associate together. How soft, how roguish, how beautiful are the dimples in the elbows and shoulders, the pretty hands and feet of the rosy babes. Mothers dote upon those darling dimples.

☞ A Frenchman who had purchased a country seat was complaining of the want of birds in his garden. "Set some traps," said an old officer, "and they'll come. I was once in Africa, and there was not supposed to be a woman within two hundred miles. I hung a pair of ear-rings and a bracelet one night on a tree, and the next morning I found two women under the branches."

A PERTINENT QUESTION.—Senator Carpenter inquired recently if a Senator could, on his salary, purchase a $40,000 house in Washington, live at the rate of $30,000 a year, and at the end of the term be worth several millions? and was answered by the Iowa papers, who triumphantly refer him to Messrs. Harlan, Wilson, Allison and Loughbride, all of whom appear to have made their fortunes in Washington.

MONEY THE BANE AND ANTIDOTE OF WOMEN.—The ladies it seems are always in trouble about money of some sort—sometimes it is matrimony, then it is alimony, next ceremony, and now they are about to bang one of them in Maryland on the evidence of a little speck of antimony. Truly with them, "money" is the root of much evil as well as the source of much good.

☞ A squad of Indiana volunteers, out scouting, came across a female in a log cabin in the mountains. After the usual salutations, one of them asked her "Well, old lady, are you Secesh?" "No," was the answer. "Are you Union?" "No." "What are you, then?" "A Baptist, an' always have been." The Hoosiers let down.

DEATH OF LAURA FAIR.—A San Francisco dispatch, January 3, says that Mrs. Laura D. Fair, the convicted murderess, died in prison in that city Saturday, December 30.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 12—Cotton firm; middling uplands 22½; Orleans 22½; sales 233 bales.

Sales for future delivery, to-day 12,900 bales; as follows: January, 21 9-16a21 11-16, February, 22a22⅛, March, 22¼a22⅜, April, 22⅛a22⅜, May, 22⅜a22⅝, June, 22¾a23.

Flour—Southern dull and easier at $6 80a7 50. Whisky a shade easier at 92. Wheat dull and lower at $1 68a1 70 for amber western. Corn lower, with moderate export and home trade demand, at 73a74½ for new mixed afloat. Pork quiet and firmer at $14 00a14 50 for new mess. Beef quiet at 9a11 for plain mess and 11a13 for extra. Lard firmer at 9½ for kettle. Turpentine steady at 67½. Rosin quiet and unchanged. Freights to Liverpool quiet; corn, sail, 6d.

Money easy, closed at 4a5 on call; prime discounts 9a12. Exchange quiet and steady at 9¼a9½. Gold 8½a9. Governments strong; 81s 11½; 65s 11; Tennessees very firm; North and South Carolinas very firm, but not active; remainder dull and steady; Tennessees 65, new 64; Virginias 53; new 52; Louisianas 52; new 50; Levees 60; Alabama 8s 96; Georgia 6s 77a79; North Carolinas 33; new 16; South Carolinas 50, new 25.

LATER—8s 14⅜; 62s 9½; 45s 10; 5s 10⅜; new 10; 7s 11½; 8s 12; 40s 9½.

CINCINNATI, January 12.—Pork dull and unchanged at $12 50. Lard quiet and weak; steam 8¼a8⅜; kettle 9¼. Bacon steady; sides 7¼a7⅝. Whisky steady at 89.

LOUISVILLE, January 12.—Provisions active. Pork $14 00. Lard unchanged. Whisky in good demand and firm at 89.

ST. LOUIS, January 12.—Corn, mixed sacks 53. Whisky steady at 88. Pork dull at $13. Clear sides 7¼.

NASHVILLE, January 12.—Cotton quiet middlings 20¼a20½; receipts of the week 2,329 bales; shipments 2,677; stock of 1871 3,610, 1872 5,016.

MACON, January 12.—Cotton firm; middlings 19½; receipts for the week 1,747; shipments 1,975; stock in 1871, 14,915; 1872, 14,275.

PROVIDENCE, January 12.—Net receipts of the week 205 bales; stock 11,000.

CITY POINT, January 12.—Cotton receipts of the week 445 bales.

MOBILE, January 12.—Cotton active and advancing; middlings 20½; net receipts 1,590 bales; exports coastwise 4,167; sales 2,500; stock 59,717. Net receipts for the week 10,770; exports to Great Britain 8,605; coastwise 4,167; sales 7,500.

AUGUSTA, January 12.—Cotton strong; middlings 20½; receipts 1,186 bales; sales 1,000; stock 1,806; receipts for the week 4,036; sales 4,790.

WILMINGTON, January 12.—Cotton firm; middlings 19½; net receipts 79 bales; sales 64; stock 6,399; exports coastwise 49; net receipts for the 581; exports coastwise 784; sales 856.

NEW ORLEANS, January 12.—Cotton active and excited; middlings 21a21½; net receipts 5,782 bales; gross 6,287; exports to Liverpool 2,859; Cork 2,927; Baltic ports 2,950; coastwise 4,440; sales 10,000; stock 190,197 Net receipts for the week 30,069; gross 32,895; exports to Great Britain 16,429; continent 9,659; coastwise 8,161; sales 42,000.

Flour firm; superfine 7 12½; double 7 25; treble $8. Corn lower at 76. Oats firm at 60. Bran 1 75 Hay quiet; prime $32; choice $34. Pork lower at $14 25 Bacon dull; shoulders 8; clear rib sides 7¾; clear sides 8a8½. Lard—tierce 9¼a9¾; keg 10¼a10¾. Sugar-cured hams 15a15½. Sugar unchanged; inferior 5¼a6; common to good common 6⅞a7⅛; fair to fully fair 7⅜a8⅛; prime 9a9¼; strictly prime 9¾. Molasses unchanged; inferior 20a25; common 35; fair 37a38; prime 41a43; strictly prime 43a44. Whisky at 95a$1 00. Coffee 19¼a22¼.

Bank Sterling 18¼; Sight Exchange ¾ discount. Gold 9¼.

NORFOLK, January 12.—Cotton firm; low middlings 20½; net receipts 734 bales; exports coastwise 211; sales 200; stock 4,033. Net receipts for the week 8 201; exports to Great Britain 1,245; coastwise 7,565; sales 1,000.

COLUMBUS, January 12.—Cotton firm; sales 1,325; receipts 1,450; shipments 1,385; stock, 1871, 12,880; 1872, 13,020.

CHARLESTON, January 12.—Cotton strong; middlings 20¼a20½; receipts 1,615 bales; sales 1,000; exports coastwise 480; continent 930; Great Britain 2,806.

SELMA, January 12.—Cotton receipts of the week 1,545; shipments 2,224; stock in 1871, 11,650; 1872, 6,710.

BOSTON, January 12.—Cotton active; middlings 22¼; net receipts 30 bales; gross 900; sales 800; stock 6,000. Net receipts for the week 671; gross 8,242; exports to Great Britain 200; sales 3,500.

PHILADELPHIA, January 12.—Cotton strong; middlings 22; net receipts 1,390; gross 3,383; sales 850.

GALVESTON, January 12.—Cotton buoyant; good ordinary 19; net receipts 1,251 bales; sales 200; exports to Great Britain 1,133; coastwise 555; stock 45,420. Net receipts for the week 6 852; exports to Great Britain 5,650; continent 1,205; coastwise 1,192; sales 7,600.

LONDON, October 12—Evening.—Consols closed at 92¾. Bonds firm at 91¾.

PARIS, October 12.—Rentes closed at 56f. 17c.

LIVERPOOL, October 12.—Evening—Cotton active and firmer, uplands 10d; Orleans 10¼; sales 20,000 bales; export and speculation 8,000.

BALTIMORE, January 12.—Cotton very firm; gross receipts 1 bales; exports coastwise 310; sales 410; stock 2,682; net receipts of the week 998; gross 3,998; exports coastwise 685; coast 1 8 4; sales of the week 3,241.

Announcement.

FOR COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

General Lafayette McLaws is announced as a candidate for Comptroller General of the State, subject to the Democratic nomination. dec29—dtf

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

Colonel H. J. Strapryerry is announced as a candidate for Secretary of State, subject to the Democratic nomination. nov5-dtde

New Advertisements.

PRATT HOUSE.

(Formerly Hayes House.)

Cuthbert.....Georgia.

T. J. PRATT, Proprietor.

A FREE HACK in attendance upon all trains, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable. jan13—d3m

DUGHERTY HUTCHINS, Barber and Hair-dresser, corner of Marietta and Broad Streets, Bell's Marble Building, Atlanta, Georgia. Good work at fair prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

All he asks is a trial. jan13—dly

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

Thrasher's Hill Property!

7-ROOM HOUSE AND LOT!

9 UNIMPROVED LOTS

I WILL sell upon the premises, on THURSDAY, the 18th of January, 1872, at 3 o'clock, P. M., a comfortable SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE and LOT, and NINE UNIMPROVED LOTS, on long time; one and two years' credit. This is a subdivision of that splendid block in the 5th Ward, bounded by Harris, Hayden, Baker and Orme Streets, known as the hospitable Home of "Cousin" John Thrasher.

For a site it is one of the handsomest in the city; but large lots are playing out, yielding to the constant demand for small Lots close in to business or near the Street Cars. This splendid property will be sold on long, accommodating terms. On Lot No. 10 there is a comfortable 7-Room House, surrounded by many beautiful shade and fruit trees. The Street Railway now finished on Marietta Street, is only two minutes' walk from this property.

Parties wanting nice Lots upon which to build nice,

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1872.

Agents for the Constitution.

Col. T. M. ACTON, General Traveling Agent.

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

JOHN W. BACON, Lexington, Ga.
J. N. PATE, Decatur, Ga.
HENRY CORDES, Washington, Ga.
H. W. SWATS, Barnesville, Ga.
LEWIS TUMLIN, Cartersville, Ga.
OSCAR A. CANTWELL, Fairburn, Ga.
J. W. BOYD, Greenville, Ga.
O. W. TREMMIER, Ringgold, Ga.
JOE MCCONNELL, Calhoun, Ga.
ROCKWOOD CUMMINGS, Depot Agent, Palmetto, Ga.
W. A. JONES, West Point, Ga.
KNOTT & NOLAN, McDonough, Ga.
O. P. SKELTON, Alpharetta, Ga.
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T. D. ADAMS, Roswell Factory, Ga.
THOMAS SHAW, Notasulga, Alabama.
J. W. BRYSON, Powder Springs, Ga.
H. H. FREAR, Kingston, Ga.
JOHN W. MCCURDY, Stone Mountain, Ga.
JAS. T. LANKIN, and EQUIRE HANNAH, Gwinnett county, Ga.
S. S. BROWN, Opelika, Ala.
J. M. Stephens, Canton, Cherokee county, Ga.
L. J. ALLRED, Jasper, Pickens county, Ga.
R. T. PITARD, A hens, Ga.
W. R. SELLWELL, Senoi, Coweta county, Ga.
J. H. BORN, Lithonia, DeKalb county, Ga.
J. F. ZIMMERMAN, Greensboro, Ga.
J. K. CHILDS, Madison, Morgan county, Ga.
MR. STEWART, Railroad Agent, Rutledge, Ga.
Captain A. P. SMITH, Conductor on Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad.
J. L. PINSON, Cave Spring, Floyd county, Ga.
W. J. HOWARD, Cedar Town, Polk county, Ga.
J. L. JOHNSON, Hogansville, Ga.
J. D. RANSOM, Grantville, Ga.
LEVI H. TURNER, Henry county, Ga.
ANDERSON & HUNTER, Covington, Ga.
E. E. EDWARDS, Conyers, Ga.
E. DOUGLASS, Attorney at Law, Newnan, Ga.
J. A. SCOTT, Sparta, Ga.
R. M. BARNES, Warrenton, Ga.
W. J. MILNER, Forsyth, Ga.
Trice & Calloway, Milledgeville, Ga.
H. R. Everett, Port Valley, Ga.
W. B. Candler, Villa Rica, Ga.
ISAAC S. BOYD, Columbus, Georgia.
E. D. CHESHIRE, Gainesville, Ga.
J. K. ADAMS, Thomaston, Ga.
MCAFEE & KELLOGG, Cumming, Ga.
Gash & Beardan, Adairsville, Bartow county, Ga.
J. A. Gray, Colparchee, Ga.
E. L. Haynes, Jonesboro, Ga.
J. J. McGlohon, Chattanooga, Tenn.
N. D. Criswell, Jacksonville, Ala.
W. H. LOGAN, Louisville, Ga.
ISAAC B. LESTER, East Point, Ga.
W. O. SANDWICH, Cusseta, Ala.
Rev. M. M. Landrum, Stephens Post-office, Athens Branch Railroad.
M. S. Garner, Buford, Ga.
Sullivan & Mahler, Zebulon, Ga.
R. R. Meaders, Dahlonega, Ga.
J. A. Clements, Villanow, Ga.
Jno. M. Freeman, Carnesville, Ga.
John J. Hunt, Marietta, Ga.
W. H. Allen, Oxford, Calhoun county, Alabama.
James A. Case, Trenton, Ga.
W. W. Martin, Bartow county, Ga.
T. D. Adams, Roswell, Ga.
Upson County Railroad.
Savannah, Griffin & North Alabama Railroad.
GEORGE R. SENDRICK.
I. O. McDaniel, Altatoona, Georgia.
J. G. McHenry, Madison, Georgia.
Joseph T. Shaddico, Cuthbert Georgia.

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—For spring groceries, etc., see advertisement of Peter Lynch.

See the programme marked out for registration and classification in the Public Schools.

See the card of the Industrial Supply Store, S. A. Verdery, Agent.

Colonel G. W. Adair will sell on next Thursday the Thrasher Hill Property.

Colonel G. W. Adair will sell on Wednesday next thirty-nine residence lots on McDaniel street.

Dougherty Hutchins, barber, shaves clean and with ease.

See card of Pratt House at Cuthbert.

See legal notice by Judge R. C. Beavers, Ordinary of Campbell county.

See admin strator's notice—B. B. Cole, administrator, of Campbell county.

MATINEE.—Humpty Dumpty at DeGive's Opera House this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

COTTON.—The market closed buoyant yesterday evening at 20 cents on the streets.

BOYS' SCHOOL.—Theo. Hunter's select school for boys, at the corner of Mitchell and Forsyth streets, is progressing finely with a large attendance.

BOUND OVER.—Justices Butt and Caldwell yesterday bound over Ben. Wilson, (colored,) for using insulting language to a white lady, in a bond of $100.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—In the absence of the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Wills, President of Oglethorpe College, will preach in this church Sunday.

FIRE.—Last night between eight and nine o'clock a barn filled with hay, on Butler street, was destroyed by fire. Loss small. The fire companies were all out.

AUCTION SALE THIS MORNING.—Mayson, at the Live Auction Mart, has another large sale of Furniture, etc., this morning. Attend promptly and secure bargains.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—We invite the careful attention of parents and guardians in the city to the programme laid down for the registration of pupils in the schools in the different districts.

DEATH.—The numerous friends and acquaintances of Colonel A. Franklin Hill, formerly of Athens, Ga., will regret to be informed of his death, which occurred at Eufaula, Ala., a few days since.

SCOFIELD ROLLING MILL STOCK.—Colonel G. W. Adair will sell sixty-four shares of the Scofield Rolling Mill Stock, in front of his office, at ten o'clock, this morning.

FUNERAL SERMON.—The funeral sermon of Dr. J. N. Simmons will be preached at the First M. E. Church, South, on Sunday morning next, at 10½ o'clock, by Dr. W. P. Harrison, pastor.

PETER LYNCH.—We invite special attention to the advertisement of Peter Lynch. He has one of the largest stocks of goods ever seen in this city. He is one of Atlanta's oldest merchants, and sustains a high reputation.

NOTICE.—All who are invited to the Inauguration Ball will remember to bring their cards of invitation with them and present them at the ladies' entrance, on Decatur street, of the H. I. Kimball House, where they will be provided with supper tickets.

REMINISCENCES of the Army of Northern Virginia, including the battles, marches and anecdotes of Thomas' Brigade, Stonewall Jackson's Corps, by Captain T. O. Jacob, of Forsyth, Ga. For sale at Phillips & Crew's Book Store.

DISCHARGED.—Yesterday, David Ducker, of White county, had a hearing before United States Commissioner W. B Smith, on a charge of illicit distillation. The evidence not sustaining the charge he was discharged from custody.

THE INAUGURAL BALL.—We are requested to state that parties in the city, and those arriving here, who have not received invitations to the Inaugural Ball, can get them upon application to Alton Angier, at the Treasurer's office.

THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT.—The inauguration of Governor Smith drew a large crowd yesterday, and many availed themselves of the occasion to enjoy the luxuries served up by Thompson. His restaurant was in consequence thronged from "early morn to dewy eve," and to a late hour last night

AT CHAMBERS.—Judge Erskine, of the United States Court, heard at chambers yesterday, a motion in the case of Scroggins and Scroggins vs. Marsh, bill for injunction, etc. The Judge allowed the complainants thirty days to amend their bill. B. H. Hill is counsel for the complainants: J. S. Bigby for defendant.

PERJURY.—United States Commissioner W. B. Smith yesterday required J. R. Holliday, of Jackson county, to give a bond of $1,000 for his appearance at the next term of the United States District Court to answer the charge of perjury. Benjamin H. Hill is counsel for the prosecution, and John A. Wimpey for the accused.

INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY STORE.—S. A. Verdery has opened an Industrial Supply Store, on Broad street, between the Franklin Printing House and No. 1 Engine House. He will keep a supply of choice family groceries. Goods will be delivered anywhere in the city free of charge. For the accommodation of mechanics, this store will be open from 7 o'clock, A. M., until 9 o'clock, P. M.

BENEFIT ATLANTA CITY HOSPITAL.—Our citizens will bear in mind, that Manager John Temple ton with his fine company will give a benefit to night at DeGive's Opera House, for the City Hospital. Colman's beautiful and intellectual comedy entitled "Heir at Law," will be presented with the entire strength of the company in the cast. After which there will be musical acts by the Leon brothers, songs by little May and Duos by Miss Alice and Miss Isabel Vane. The whole to conclude with the Comic Operatic Duet Gens d'Armes, Leon brothers. Doubtless the entertainment offered in connection with the object will draw a full house.

LARGE CROWD.—There was a considerable influx of visitors yesterday to witness the inauguration of Governor Smith. People from all parts of the State were here, and we were pleased to note the presence of so many beautiful ladies. *En passant*, we would remark that a very handsome and intelligent lady got separated from her husband at the Passenger Depot yesterday, and took the first train for home. The husband arrived five minutes after the train had left, but just in time to take the next train starting out.

SALE OF PAINTINGS.—The auction room was again filled last evening to procure bargains from that excellent auctioneer, Barrett. But the paintings dropped to so low a price, that persons present advised Mr. Levy to postpone the sale of the few remaining until to-night, which he consented to do. A number of fine paintings sold at almost a song, resulting from the fact, that the ladies and gentlemen present, including many of the best talent and taste in the city, had fully supplied themselves. A better chance is therefore afforded those, who have not yet attended, to secure the noblest of ornaments for their homes. Though there are but few left, among these are some of the finest of the collection, as the reporter knows from personal inspection.

We need not say more than we have said already of the excellence of their oil paintings. The best evidence of the fact is the character and position in this community of those who have purchased largely. If we could mention names, it would be a work of supererogation to say more. But we are really desirous that our people should be well supplied with these paintings because of the resultant influences upon their homes and upon our city. We are satisfied that even more will attend the sale to-night than at any previous night, as it is the last opportunity. And we would repeat the remark before made, that some of the finest paintings in the collection are not yet sold.

CLOSING DAY OF NORMAL INSTITUTE.—The closing programme yesterday was unusually fascinating, and many visitors, especially ladies, were present on this occasion.

The exercises were opened by Mr. Superintendent Mallon by a short and very useful address to the teachers on the best manner of effecting a good day's work in a well regulated school. Mr. Mallon was followed by a series of select readings from the works of distinguished English and American authors. The reading of these gems of the spirit life of our greatest writers, was unanimously conceded to be perfect, and every listener is indebted to the accomplished gentleman for a half hour of rare intellectual pleasure. Dr. Morgan was followed in a most able, and instructive lecture by Professor Leroy Broun, one of the distinguished educators of the State University, on the thoroughness of teaching.

The labors of Dr. John Stainback Wilson in the cause of hygiene and physical education were alluded to in complimentary terms by Superintendent Mallon, and Dr. Wilson was invited to make some remarks. He expressed his gratification at the success of the Normal Institute, and predicted brilliant results from the action of mind with mind in the interchange of views, etc.

Very excellent illustrations of drawing on the black board were given by Mrs. Corput. By request the talented lady, who teaches the difficult yet charming art of elocution, declaimed Poe's unrivalled poem of the Raven. We have never felt the sombre grandeur and sublime misanthrophy of this most Polish of all poems in the English language, with greater force than from the lips of this accomplished elocutionist.

Rev. Dr. Wills, in conclusion, addressed the Institute in a few felicitous remarks. He congratulated the Institute upon the success of its inaugural exercises.

Superintendent Mallon then closed the Institute with feeling and pertinent remarks, thanking its members for their fidelity, energy, and devotion to their newly assumed duties.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the members of the Normal Institute return the thanks of this body to Rev. Dr. Wills, Prof. Sanford, Prof. Broun, and other gentlemen and ladies, for the very interesting and instructive lectures and addresses to which we have listened.

The Institute then adjourned.

Chancellor Lipscomb, at night, lectured at the First Baptist Church on the Providential Ministry of the Teacher. The lecture was chaste, ornate, and highly practical. We have not time to speak at length of its beauty and merit.

The Teachers' Reception at Concordia Hall was a brilliant success. The spacious Hall was thronged by the *elite* of Atlanta, and every one enjoyed themselves to the greatest possible extent.

GEORGIA PRESS ASSOCIATION.—The Association met at the Hall of the Chamber of Commerce at 10 o'clock, A. M.

On motion of Colonel E. Y. Clarke, a seat on the floor was tendered to Hon. John H. James, Mayor of Atlanta, who was present.

Colonel E. Y. Clarke submitted, on behalf of the Committee, the memorial to the Legislature on the subject of suspending the tax on the press.

Thomas DeWolfe read a memorial, also on the same subject.

On motion of Captain F. S. Fitch, both papers were referred back to the Committee, to report at their discretion.

Hon. John H. James being called on responded briefly, stating that he could see no reason for imposing a tax on the press of Georgia. The State government should foster and encourage the press instead of crippling them, by heavy taxes never required before, except by a military Governor.

On motion of Colonel I. W. Avery, the members of the press were requested to embody their views on this subject, and submit them to the Committee on Memorial.

The Secretary was instructed to correspond with the press of Georgia on the subject of representation and co-operation with the Association.

Colonel E. Y. Clarke offered a resolution of thanks to Hon. John H. James, Mayor of Atlanta, for his courtesy to and attendance on the Association, which was unanimously adopted.

Captain F. S. Fitch offered a resolution of thanks to the Chamber of Commerce for the use of their hall, to Major B. E. Crane, President, and Major John F. Edwards, Secretary, for courtesy, and to Ben Oliver, Janitor, for attendance at the Association. Unanimously adopted.

The Association then adjourned subject to the call of the President. J. H. CHRISTY, President.

W. G. WHIDBY, Rec. Sec'y.

JANUARY 12, 1872.

PROCEEDINGS OF COUNCIL.—*Atlanta, January 12, 1872.*—Council met. Present—Hon. J. H. James, Mayor, and a full Board of Aldermen, except T. A. Morris.

PETITIONS.

Of Benjamin Hays (colored) for relief. Referred to Relief Committee.

Of P. Dodd asking for the removal of dirt on Whitehall street, in front of his residence. Referred to Street Committee with power to act.

Of Henrietta M. Killborn, asking Council to authorize the Treasurer to make payment to her of past due city bonds, amounting to $7,500. Referred to Finance Committee.

Of Parkins & Allen, architects, asking that coal be placed at each of the Public Schools for the purpose of testing the furnaces. Referred to Committee on Public Buildings, with power to act.

Of Stewards of Bethel (Wheat street) Church, for the use of City Hall on next Tuesday night for the holding of a fair. Referred to Committee on Public Buildings

Of J. M. Vason, asking pay for professional services rendered Lewis Powell. Referred to Relief Committee.

Of Parkins & Allen, architects, asking that brick work on the new City Station House be suspended Suspended until first of February.

Of D. F. Hammond et al., calling attention to the condition of the crossing at intersection of Peters and Forsyth streets. Referred to Street Committee.

Of Marcus A. Bell et al., asking that Wheat street between Ivy and Collins streets, be finished to a proper grade. Referred to Street Committee with power to act.

Of James Franklin, for relief. Referred to Relief Committee.

CUSTOM HOUSE.

The subject of tendering some of the city ground to the Government as a site for a Custom House was referred to the Finance Committee.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The Committee on Gas and Lamps recommend that they be allowed to put on two lamp-lighters and extinguishers at a salary of $40 per month, and that the work in laying down gas piping be equally divided between L. B. Langford, Hunnicutt & Bellingrath, and Middleton & Bro.

On motion, the police were instructed to do the work of lighting the lamps and extinguishing them, and the work of laying down gas piping be let out to the lowest bidder

The Relief Committee reported that Ward physicians will obtain their medicines through their Relief Committee man as cheap as possible. Each committee man will furnish relief orders which shall be rendered monthly, with orders attached. Transportation will only be furnished by the Mayor, having first been recommended by a committee man. Adopted.

The Board of Health reported being organized by the election of W. N. Judson as Chairman, and J. B. Baird as secretary. Adopted

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Castleberry—adopted:

Resolved, That a check for $3 be passed up in favor of Mrs. W. K. Mayson and credited on her tax fi. fa.

A resolution was adopted to pass up a check for M. Mahoney for $3 for hack hire.

By Alderman Roach:

Resolved, That the Street Committee is hereby authorized to put down street crossings at the junction of Whitehall and Peters streets, and one across Garnett street, east side of Whitehall.

R ferred to Street Committee.

By Alderman Wells—Adopted:

Resolved, That the Auditor be requested to advertise the location of his office, and that all persons having accounts against the city be requested to furnish the same at his office on or before Friday at 12 M. each week.

By Alderman Fowler—Adopted:

Resolved, That all bills, accounts, etc., be examined and passed upon by the Auditor, and then by the committee which it properly belongs to, and then by the Finance committee before they are ordered paid.

Afterwards reconsidered.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

T. H. Williams, late Marshal, reports collected on general tax, $330; sales and receipts, $39; stock sales, $31—$384. Referred to Finance Committee.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Relief Committee was authorized to let out the contract for pauper coffins to the lowest responsible bidder.

The Committee on Public Buildings was authorized to sell the carpet in the Mayor's office.

Petition of J. M. Stewart stating that he had been elected policeman, but that L. L. Stewart had been sworn in. Several members stated that they thought they were voting for J. M Stewart, but it being announced that L. L. Stewart was the one elected, the petition was tabled.

A petition of Colonel G. W. Adair, asking that Council proceed at once to define the boundaries of Peters street from the Barracks avenue to the corporation line. Referred to Street Committee.

Pat Fitzgibbon, Keeper of the Hall, was granted a week's leave of absence to go to Savannah.

The contract for feeding prisoners was let out at 12½ cents per meal.

FINANCIAL MATTERS.

The amount of bills passed up was $7,291 10.

GEORGIA WESTERN ROAD.

A communication from the Chamber of Commerce, with resolution, asking Council to subscribe $1,000,000 in bonds to the Georgia Western Road was referred to the Finance Committee.

CHARGES AGAINST A POLICEMAN.

An Alderman stated that J. W. Moore, who was elected a Policeman, was pardoned by Governor Bullock on the 30 of July, 1870, for forgery and larceny after trust delegated.

On motion, Moore was discharged.

ELECTION OF POLICEMEN.

H. H. Dickson was elected Policeman to fill the vacancy of Moore, discharged.

John Conley was elected Overseer of chain gang.

N. Hunt was elected Policeman at city Cemetery.

REPORT OF WATER WORKS COMMISSIONERS.

Report of Water Works Commissioners read and referred to Finance Committee.

FINALS.

Council adjourned at 9 o'clock.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

THE H. I. KIMBALL HOUSE, JANUARY 12, 10½ o'clock P. M.

Crittenden & Co., Proprietors.

J M Hightower, Ga, A J Wellmaker, Ga, A L Butts, Ga, W B White, Ga, C T Goode, Ga, C C Corbitt, Ga, A H Cox, Ga, J F Redding, Ga, M M Tidwell, Ga, J M Surgent, Ga, T J Robertson, Ga, E J Waldron, Ga, J F Cook, Ga, F M Gusham, Tenn, A Wilson, N Y, F Maywill, N Y, B E Stokes, N C, H N Crane, Ga, M R Baldinger, Ga, A M Johnson & l, Tenn, T M White, Miss, J N Robinson, Ga, C C Sprue Ga, J H Wood, Ga, T Boyall, Ga, S H Boddish, Ga, W B Edgar, St Louis, N G Johnson, Ga,

J F West, Ga, P M Link, Ohio, H B Boswick, Miss, J B Blalock, Ga, C M Irwin, Ga, J R Shannon, Ga, J N Whill, Ga, W T Weaver, Ga, W R Redwine, Ga, J Keefe, Ga, J Comby, Ga, D F Cook, Ga, H D Bedon, Miss, B T Advir, Ky, F B Samson, N Y, J H Nilson, Ind, S T Barwise, Ohio, J C B Mead, Ky, C C Cleghorn, Ga, Miss M A Battle, Ga, E B Whisson, N Y, Geo Hillyer, city, M S Whelan, Ga, S P Thurmond, Ga, J P Simmons, Ga, J W Fowler, S C, A S Liblold, Ga, N P Sudley, Tenn.

Local and Business Notices.

LADIES.—Buy Spool Cotton, and Silk and Embroidery Silk at the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Agency, 15 Whitehall street next door to James' Bank.

jan13-3t

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!! TREMENDOUS REDUCTION IN PRICES!!!—Our determination to sell at greatly reduced prices, is causing our sales to increase daily.

Immense stock on hand—nothing held in reserve.

Every garment must be sold, to make room for spring stock. Boys' and Children's Clothing at prime cost.

EISEMAN & BRO.,
Clothiers and Tailors,
56 Whitehall Street.

jan13-tf

PECK, DESAULLES & CO., have a fine stock of Valenciennes, Point Applique and Point Laces. jan12-d3t.

NOTICE TO POLICY HOLDERS OF THE PACIFIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—OFFICE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE, ATLANTA, GA., January 11th, 1872.—The attention of the policy holders of the Pacific Fire Insurance Company of San Francisco is called to the following extract from a notification received by us from Gen. J. E. Johnston & Co:

SAVANNAH, GA., January 9, 1872.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company has assumed all risk of the Pacific from 7th December ult.

J. E. JOHNSTON & Co.

By calling at our office in "Dollar Savings Bank, the Policy Holders can have our Policies substituted for those issued by the Pacific.

jan12-d3t WALKER & BOYD, Agents.

FOR LACES, Lace Handkerchiefs and Party Kids, go to

jan12-d3t PECK, DESAULLES & Co.

ALL goods at reduced prices.

jan12-d3t PECK, DESAULLES & Co.

AN elegant line of Evening Silks at

jan12-d3t PECK, DESAULLES & Co.

RUPTURE CURED.—Patients go away daily from our office, having obtained relief, or are cured by us. If we can cure you, we will tell you so. No charge for examination. Call and see Drs. Rowe and Taber, corner Marietta and Broad streets, over Southern Life Insurance Company, Atlanta, Ga., and throw away your old trusses. Address box 262, Atlanta, Ga. dec24-tf

FOR SALE.—A fine young Alderney Bull, the present owner having no further use for him, will be sold at a very reasonable figure.

Apply to ECHOLS & WILSON,
jan11-d3t Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

NEW FIRM! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES! Corner Whitehall and Mitchell streets.—D. & E. Steinheimer are desirous to announce to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity that they have this day opened a New Stock of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Notions, etc., which they intend to sell at the lowest market prices. We guarantee satisfaction to those who may favor us with a call. We will be glad to see all our friends and customers. Remember the place, corner Whitehall and Mitchell streets, opposite P. & G. T. Dodd, Atlanta, Ga. jan11-d4t

WE sell genuine Coal Creek Coal at 30 cents per bushel. Send along your orders.

jan10-4t J. M. BORN, JR., & Co.

COAL Creek Coal at 30 cents per bushel, is the cheapest fuel you can get. Call on

jan10-4t J. M. BORN, JR., & Co.

WE have opened the second coal yard, on Alabama street, nearly opposite Southern Express Office. Send along orders. Only 30 cents per bushel.

jan10-4t J. M. BORN, JR., & Co.

KAINT BE UNDERSOLD.—On and after today I will sell the best quality of Coal in market, at 30 cents per bushel in the yard. Yard on Marietta street, near Post-office.

jan10-4t J. S. WILLSON.

PRICES REDUCED.—The best quality of Coal—no slate or sulphur perceptible to the ordinary sense—at J. S. Willson's coal yard, at 30 cents, for three bushels and upwards.

jan10-4t

LITTLE CARTS.—Little carts are always at J. S. Willson's coal yard.

jan10-4t

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Several very desirable and well located dwelling houses, for sale or rent. Possession given at once. Inquire at the Fancy Store of Mrs. Turner, formerly Mrs. Braumuller, at L. B Davis' office, next door to James' Bank, Whitehall street.

jan9-1w

A YOUNG man of three years experience in the grocery and commission business, offers his services to whoever will give him a trial. Also, familiar with book-keeping. Best city references given. Address Postoffice box 556. jan7-1w

NOW is the time to get bargains in Furniture at Archer's, 82 Whitehall Street.

jan5—dtf

LARGEST stock of Furniture in the city, at Archer's, 82 Whitehall Street.

jan5—dtf

DON'T buy until you see Archer's Furniture, 82 Whitehall Street.

jan5—dtf

THOSE RECEIPTS.—The following shows how they go:

WARRENTON, GA., Dec. 9, 1871.

GENTS:—Noticed your Metropolitan Receipts, but never yet been able to learn where to procure them. Enclosed you will find 25 cents for which you will do me the kindness to have me a copy of same sent me per mail, and greatly oblige,

Yours truly,

There are agents in the city retailing them at 25 cents. dec13-dtf

WANTED—To borrow from $1,000 to $5,000, for 6, 12, 18 or 24 months. Interest, 12 to 15 per cent., according to amount and time. Address X, care CONSTITUTION office. Best security given, individual or real estate.

jan4—dtf

A BOOK THAT EVERY HOUSE-KEEPER SHOULD HAVE.—250 Rare Recipes, including 100 used by the celebrated Metropolitan Hotel, New York. The price is only 25 cents. For sale by agents. No household should be without these recipes.

oct13—dtf

FISH AND OYSTER DEPOT—84 Whitehall street—Wholesale and Retail. Norfolk Oysters in quart tin cans Oysters $2 per gallon; Fish 25 to 45 cents per string; Shrimps 25 cents per quart; Crabs 75 cents per dozen—carefully packed in ice and shipped to any point. L. COOK.

oct13—dtf

DOLLAR Stores and 50 Cent Stores, don't send off your orders till you look at the job lots, just received from auction, by McBride & Co. They have Dolls, Vases, and other fancy goods, cheaper than you can get them in New York. dec20-tf

SITUATION WANTED.—As a Teacher, by a regular graduate of Monroe Female College, and a native Georgian. Best of references given and required. Address "J. S. W," Atlanta, key box 515. jan7-sun-wed-sun

TO RENT OR SELL.—A 65 acre farm, within one mile of the city of Atlanta. Apply to Dr. J. S. Willson, at Coal Yard on Marietta street, or through post-office box 545. dec21-tf

BREVIER TYPE.—Fifty Fonts of Type for sale. W. A. HEMPHILL & Co.

sep26—d&wtf

TO PUBLISHERS.—News Ink in twenty five pound kegs, and upwards, can be had at THE CONSTITUTION office. The Ink is fresh—just from market.

aug30—dtf

STERLING SILVER-WARE.

SHARP & FLOYD,

No. 33 Whitehall Street,

ATLANTA,

SPECIALTY

STERLING SILVER-WARE,

Special attention is requested to the many new and elegant pieces manufactured expressly to our order the past year and quite recently completed.

An unusually attractive assortment of novelties in Fancy Silver, cased for Wedding and Holiday presents, of a medium and expensive character.

The House we represent manufacture on an unparalleled scale, employing on Sterling Silver-Ware alone Over One Hundred skilled hands, the most accomplished talent in Designing, and the best Labor-Saving Machinery, enabling them to produce works of the highest character, at prices UNAPPROACHED by any competition. Our stock at present is the largest and most varied this side of Philadelphia.

An examination of our stock and prices will guarantee our Sales.

Our House use only British Sterling, 925/1000.

dec18—d&wtf

THE SOUTH,

A WEEKLY EIGHT-PAGE PAPER,

Published in the City of New York,

—BY—

TARDREW & CO., 21 Park Row,

FOR $3 A YEAR.

DEVOTED to the material interests of the Southern States, and laboring for the development of all their wonderful resources, by encouraging immigration and giving full and reliable information concerning every part of the South.

THE SOUTH

has met the cordial approval and support of all the Southern States Governments, Immigration Bureaus, Agricultural Societies and leading citizens generally. It gives information of the Railroads, Manufactures, Colleges, Societies, Cities, Commerce, Agriculture, Finances, News, Markets, Minerals, Trade—in fact everything—all over the South.

Thousands of copies are every week distributed through this country, North and South, and in Europe.

To make it especially valuable to every business man and household in the South we have departments each week giving full reviews of the markets and quotations of stocks and produce, and also matters of interest to every housekeeper.

Every Southern man should give it his support. Every other man that wants to know anything about the South would find it well worth the subscription price.

It is an unsurpassed medium for advertising all descriptions of Southern property for sale or exchange, or for inviting labor and capital in any desired channel.

Subscribe for it at once, and induce as many more as you can to do so.

Special inducements in Club rates and Premiums for those who will canvass for us.

Specimen copies furnished on application.

Address **TARDREW & CO.,**
jan9—d3m 21 PARK ROW, N. Y.

LIVER DISEASE and Indigestion prevail to a greater extent than probably any other malady, and relief is always anxiously sought after. If the Liver is Regulated in its action, health is almost invariably secured. Indigestion, or want of action in the Liver, causes Headache, Constipation, Jaundice, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, bilious attacks, palpitation of the heart depression of spirits, or the blues, and a hundred other symptoms. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is the best remedy that has ever been discovered for these ailments. It acts mildly, effectually, and being a simple vegetable compound, can do no injury in any quantities that it may be taken. It is harmless in every way; it has been used for forty years, and hundreds of the good and great from all parts of the country will vouch for its virtues, viz:

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia
Bishop Pierce, of Georgia.
Jno. Gill Shorter, ex-Governor of Alabama
Gen. John B. Gordon.
R. L. Mott, of Columbus, Ga.

are among the hundreds of whom we can refer to.

Price, $1.00. By mail, postage prepaid, $1.20. Manufactured only by

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Macon, Georgia.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

apr18—d&wly

Sixty Shares

—OF—

Scofield Rolling Mill Stock,

FOR SALE AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF

HOYT & JONES,

ALABAMA STREET.

dec27—dtf

Desirable Property for Sale

ONE of the most desirable and centrally located Corner Stores in the city of Atlanta, corner Peachtree and Walton streets. This property will now rent for twelve hundred dollars per year, and is susceptible of improvement at small cost, and will then rent for three hundred per month. This is one of the best and rarest chances for an investment.

Capitalists and Guardians

who are seeking one of the safest and soundest investments, are particularly requested to examine this valuable property. Inquire of the owners, W. POWERS & SON, who now occupy it.

jan5-d1m

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE firm of Johnson & Arnold, of Crawford, Ga., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The undersigned will continue the business at the stand of the late firm, and settle all accounts of the late firm. JAMES P. JOHNSON.

Crawford, Ga., January 6, 1 72.

jan11—d3t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer

SCOFIELD ROLLING MILL STOCK. I will sell in my office on Wall Street, on SATURDAY MORNING next, 13th instant, at 10 o'clock, without reserve, sixty-four (64) shares of the stock of the Scofield Rolling Mill Company. Shares one hundred ($100) dollars each, all paid up.

jan6-7t G. W. ADAIR.

NOTICE

ATLANTA, GA., JANUARY 7TH, 1873.

MERCHANTS, Contractors, Livery Stable Keepers and Professional men, are requested to call at my office immediately and make a return of their sales and receipts for the quarter ending December 31st, 1871. S. B. LOVE, City Clerk.

jan7—d1w

BARTOW HOUSE FOR RENT!

THE ENTIRE FURNITURE FOR SALE!

For particulars address,

J. T. GUTHRIE, Proprietor,
jan5-1lt Cartersville, Ga.

COTTON STATES

Life Insurance Company!!

CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF GEORGIA.

CAPITAL $500,000!

OWNED at Home, and Company managed by some of our best Financiers.

Over 2,500 Policies Issued Since June 1st, 1869.

The only Company doing business in the South that has

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS

Deposited with the authorities of the State of Georgia for the Protection of Policy Holders.

Policies upon all the Various Plans of Insurance Issued.

A Loan of 33 per cent. of the Premium given when Desired

ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE.

No Restrictions as to Residence or Travel. Strictly a Home Company, with its

CAPITAL AND INVESTMENTS AT HOME,

It appeals to those who desire to avail themselves of the benefits of Life Insurance to give it their patronage.

The time has arrived when every thoughtful man is disposed to make this wise provision for those dependent upon his life.

This company proposes to give all the advantages which are offered by foreign institutions of like character, with the opportunity of keeping the vast sums in our own midst, which are annually sent abroad.

People of the Cotton States, foster home enterprise.

Active & Energetic Agents Wanted

In every County and Town in the South.

Address, or call on WM. J. McGILL,
Superintendent Agencies, Office, Atlanta, Ga.

OFFICERS:

WM. B. JOHNSON, President,
WM. S HOLT Vice President,
GEO. S. O'DEAR, Secretary,
JOHN W. BURKE, General Agent,
J. MERCER GREEN, Medical Examiner. oct13-tf

Georgia Banking & Trust Co.,

ALABAMA STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

CAPITAL authorized, $500,000; paid in $125,000. Do a general Banking business.

M. G. DOBBINS, Pres't J. W. GOLDSMITH, Cashier.

DIRECTORS—M. G. Dobbins, J. M. Harwell, V. E. Tommey, J. M. Ball, B. J. Wilson, J. T. Meador, G. E. Smith. jan4-d6m.

$100,000. $100 000.

ATLANTA REAL ESTATE!

I HAVE ON SALE FOR CASH, MORE THAN One Hundred Thousand Dollars worth of Atlanta Real Estate, Stores, Residences, and numerous unimproved city lots. I am prepared to give REAL BARGAINS for CASH. The people of Georgia have marked with pride the steady advance in Atlanta property for twenty years past.

I also have several hundred acres of Orchard, Vineyard, Gardens and Dairy Lands, near the city, for sale.

Capitalists seeking investments, and those desiring homes in or near the city, are requested to address

dec13-1m A. K. SEAGO, Dealer in Real Estate, Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Hurley's Ague Tonic!

Purely Vegetable! No Arsenic! No Mercury in its Composition!

NO CURE, NO PAY, if directions be followed. No danger in taking an overdose, as we put no poison in our medicines. One dollar per bottle.

Dr. Hurley's Stomach Bitters!

IS the remedy, par excellence, for all diseases arising from debility, disordered stomach, loss of appetite, torpid liver, indigestion, and all kindred ailments, where a gentle and permanent stimulant and tonic is required. Pleasant to take. One dollar per bottle.

DR. HURLEY'S SYRUP OF SARSAPARILLA

With Iodide of Potash.

THIS Preparation has long been recognized by the most eminent minds in the Medical Profession as the most reliable, searching and harmless alterative within their reach, and as a Blood Purifier it certainly stands without a rival. One dollar per bottle.

Dr. Hurley's Popular Worm Candy

IS really all it claims to be—a SPECIFIC—removing all worms from the human viscera. No harmful effect from its use. Children love it. No danger in giving an overdose. 25 cents per box.

Dr. Seabrook's INFANT SOOTHING SYRUP.

THE indispensable remedy in the Nursery. No more use for laudanum, paregoric, Bateman's Drops, or other strong opiates. No bad effects from the use of Seabrook's. Health to the child, rest to the mother, and a clear conscience to the vendor. 25 cents per bottle.

Dr. Seabrook's ELIXIR OF BARK AND IRON

THE Great Tonic and Appetizer. One dollar per bottle. All for sale by Druggists everywhere.

J. W. SEATON & CO., Proprietors.

sep16-d&ewdf Louisville, Ky.

MONEY CANNOT BUY IT!

FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!! But the DIAMOND SPECTACLES will Preserve it.

If you value your Eyesight use the Perfect Lenses Ground from Minute Crystal Pebbles, melted together, and derive their name "Diamond" on account of their Hardness and Brilliancy. They will last many years without change, and are warranted superior to all others in use. Manufactured by J. E. Spencer & Co., Opticians, New York. Caution—None genuine unless stamped with our trade mark. For sale by Responsible Agents throughout the Union Sharp & Floyd, Jewelers and Opticians, are Sole Agents for Atlanta, Georgia, from whom they can only be obtained. No Peddlers employed. nov25-d6-d&wly

65 First Prize Medals Awarded THE GREAT Southern Piano

MANUFACTORY.

WM. KNABE & CO.,

Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright

PIANO FORTES,

BALTIMORE, MD.

THESE Instruments have been before the Public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon their excellence alone attained and *unprecedented

The Daily Constitution.

Georgia News Items.

[CONDENSED FOR THE CONSTITUTION.]

Mr. John Barrett has been chosen City Marshal of Marietta.—*Marietta Journal.*

Rouchad an $8,000 fire on the 9th Mr. Eddie R Smith is the principle sufferer. *Rome Commercial.*

Mr. W. E Jackson has been elected President of the National Bank of Augusta. *Oh oracle and Sentinel.*

Mr. Meeks, of Rome, had his leg broke in trying to move a planing mill on the night of the fire last week.—*Rome Commercial.*

The Katie Putnam Troupe will visit Macon next week Phillip Phillips will visit Macon early in February.—*Telegraph and Messenger.*

On the 10th, a little daughter of Mr. Richardson, of Savannah, was severely burned thou h it is hoped that she will recover.—*Savannah News.*

The survey of the North Georgia and North Carolina Railroad will be extended to Ellijay. The engineer corps is now at Carter's.—*Calhoun Times.*

At the election in Sumter county on the 10th, for Representative, Col. C. T. Goode received a majority of nearly 500. Mr. Green B. Mays was shot by Deputy Sheriff Saulter, at Starkville, Lee county, on Saturday last. But little hope is entertained of his recovery. *American Republican.*

Captain F. M Bryan, formerly of Griffin died in Bainbridge a few days ago. Alderman J. H rant and George Banning of Griffin had a difficulty on Wednesday last in which the former was stabbed in both shoulders with a pocket knife. Mr. Frank Flynt has contracted for superintending the Spalding county farm —*Griffin Star.*

The receipts of cotton at West Point from the first of September, 1871, to the first of January, 1872, were 9 500 bales. The residence of Colonel Clark, of West Point, was consumed by fire a few days since. Loss about $5,000. Dr. M. S. C. Lovelace, of West Point, died on the 9th instant. West Point needs a Town Hall.—*West Point News.*

Mr. T. J. Eason, has been elected Mayor of Dalton. Mr. George Black, living near Tilton has the antlers of a deer which he killed recently, which have thirteen points, and measure two feet from the tip of one point to the other. Mr. Black says that the wearer of these antlers was a huge fellow—the largest he ever saw in this section.—*North Georgia Citizen.*

Mr. James Hudgins, of Summerville, died on Tuesday, 9th. Isham Covington, colored, was killed at Alpine, in Chattooga county, a few days since, by another colored man Mr. Henry M. Merrell, of Broomtown Valley, Chattooga county, died on the 9th. Mrs Rebecca Dodson, of Chattooga, is dead. Mr Greenbury Garrett, of Chattooga county, died on the 8th instant.—*Chattooga Advertiser.*

Floyd Pool, partially deranged, was found dead last Tuesday morning 9th, about half a mile from his residence, in Jackson county, near the line of Hall county. Messrs. Chas. S. Hardee, of Savannah, and Mr. Scudder, have purchased the interest of Col. W. Reid, in the Republican. Col. Reid retires from the paper. A. Alpeoria Bradley has filed his application for his admission as a member of the Chatham county bar, before the Superior Court of Chatham. One negro cut another to pieces on the Louisville road, on the morning of the 9th.—*Advertiser.*

Humorous.

[CONDENSED FOR THE CONSTITUTION.]

A precious boy in Ohio, having exploded a torpedo in his mouth, is not so regular at his meals as he once was.

A young lady in Indiana, named Nancy Hyatt, was accidentally vaccinated in the nose. "Look, and her bugle is a joy forever.

South Africa is not considered a healthy region; but some of the newly arrived diamond hunters are picking up wonderfully.

Nervous haste at a railway made a lady draw her wallet down her throat, and empty lemonade glass in on her pocket. The prompt use of a stomach pump saved the wallet.

The enterprising individual who undertook to organize a brass band of twenty women in Cincinnati, says if they had learned half as many "airs" as they put on the experiment would have been a success.

A lady says the first time she was kissed she felt like a tub of bitter swimming in sugar, cobwebs, nutmegs, and cranberries. She felt as if something was running through her nerves on feet of diamonds, escorted by several little cupids in chariots drawn by angels, shaded with honeysuckles, and the whole shaded with melted rainbows.

A lady in Janesville was presented with a beautiful album by a circle of admirers. The presentation speech was made by an old delegate who had never appeared in public on the stage before. He said: "Permit me to present you with this album as a token of our slight esteem." The lady took the album, though she said she was never so slighted in her life.

As the passengers were preparing to leave their seats, on the arrival of the New York train in Boston, the other evening, an old gentleman picked up a dark object which appeared to drop from a lady's bonnet. "Madam, is this yours?" You appear to have dropped it by accident." "Thank you, sir," (placing her hand to her head)—"a railroad accident—a misplaced switch"

Miscellaneous News Items.

[CONDENSED FOR THE CONSTITUTION.]

Buffalo meat in Nebraska costs five cents per pound.

Cincinnati has a new two cent daily, the Evening Star.

Upwards of $14,000 Heathen Chinee are hunting for gold in Australia.

There will be 87 female candidates for the clerkship of the Iowa Legislature.

Through tickets for trips around the world are now sold for $1,145 in gold.

Emigration from the North and from Europe is setting in strongly toward North Carolina.

The bottom lands in muscatine county, Iowa, averaged 100 bushels of corn to the acre last year.

A rough estimate places the amount of pine timber destroyed by the Northern fires at 300,000,000 feet.

During the past year 290,000 immigrants arrived at the port of New York, being an increase over 1870, of 17.0'0.

Tennessee News Items.

[CONDENSED FOR THE CONSTITUTION.]

Lydia Thompson and her blonds are amusing the Memphians.

Joseph Haynes, a married man of Knoxville, eloped on Monday with Miss Crouch, a blooming damsel of sixteen.

Thirteen fine Merino sheep, belonging to General J. A Mabry, near Knoxville, were killed by dogs last week. The sheep were worth $100.

Professor Hampton, of the United States River Survey, has started from Knoxville in a skiff to survey the Tennessee from Knoxville to Loudon.

The newly elected Aldermen of Knoxville are so overrun by applicants for office that they have adopted the plan of charging each candidate a dollar for an interview.

The President of the Memphis and Raleigh Railroad Company announces that their line will be completed on or about the 1st of March. J. B Weaver has been re-appointed agent of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad at Chattanooga.

Scientific Notes.

[CONDENSED FOR THE CONSTITUTION.]

Mr. Grebant states that fish breathe in part through their skin like insects.

Mr. Scoinins discovers that the sun's rays penetrate to a depth of 100 fathoms beneath the surface of the sea.

More than 1,00 tons of ore are annually consumed in Staffordshire, England, in the manufacture of cast iron nails, which are tempered in the oxide of iron

Professor Wurtz is satisfied that throughout the middle tier of counties of Western New York, and in other large sections of the United States, every house ought to be warmed and lighted by gas drawn from the earth, "without money and without price."

CATHOLIC TOTAL ABSTINENCE NATIONAL CONVENTION.—The State Catholic Total Abstinence Unions have published a call for a National Convention in Baltimore on February 22, to found a National Union. The following propositions are to be submitted: 1. To promote the establishment of State Unions in States where none exist. 2. To aid pastors or communities in organizing Catholic Total Abstinence Societies wherever desired. 3. To secure an interchange of transfers between societies in all parts of the country. All societies and unions that may be organized prior to the meeting will be entitled to representation.

Reading Notices.

WINTER-PROOF SYSTEMS.—Thick boots and flannels are necessary at this season, but the human frame requires something more than these to render it winter-proof. The inner man, as well as the outer-surface of the body, must be protected. The raw, moist, chilly winds which prevail at this season, transpierce the warmest clothing, and are apt to effect the health unfavorably, both through the pores and the respiratory organs. The surest way to avert the evil is to strengthen the internal machine, and thus enable it to repel the devitalizing influence of unwholesome weather. Enrich the blood, gently stimulate the circulation, regulate the bowels, invigorate the stomach, tone the liver, and brace the nerves with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and no condition of the atmosphere, however inclement, no variation of the barometer or thermometer, however sudden, will have power to disorder the system thus fortified in advance, and put in perfect working order. Damp and cold, acting upon a sensitive or feeble organization, may produce consumption, diptheria, neuralgia, rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver complaint, low nervous fever, or intermittent fever; the importance of rendering the system impervious to these two destructive elements is obvious. Persons in delicate health, or who are at all liable to be injuriously affected by atmospheric influences, should take the bitters daily throughout the winter and spring. In this way dangerous diseases may be warded off, and a condition of perfect health preserved by individuals of comparatively feeble physique, while those more robust, who scoff at precautions, are suffering the penalty of their recklessness in hospitals and sick rooms.

Jan9-deod1w&wlt

PROGRESS OF THE REVOLUTION.—A new light dawned upon the world with the introduction of Plantation Bitters twelve years ago. Drastic purgation went out—restoration and renovation came in. The eyes of the people were opened to the great fact that the way to cure disease is to strengthen and support its victims, not to place them at its mercy by depriving them of the little strength they have. It soon became evident that as a means of infusing vitality into the feeble system, regulating the secretions, curing indigestion, and reforming a bilious habit of body, no medicinal preparation then known was at all comparable to the new restorative. Since then hundreds of attempts have been made to rival the Bitters. They have all failed, and the Grand Revolution in medical treatment, which was commenced in 1860, is still in progress. Nothing can stop it, for it is founded on the principle, now universally acknowledged, that physical vigor is the most formidable antagonist of all human ailments, and experience has shown that Plantation Bitters is a peerless invigorant, as well as the best possible safegard against epidemic diseases.

jan9 deod1w&wlt

DR. R. V. PIERCE, of Buffalo, New York, sole proprietor of Sage's Catarrh Remedy, has for over three years offered through nearly every newspaper in the United States, a standing reward of $500 for a case of Catarrh in the head which he cannot cure. That he has treated thousands of cases and had no claims presented for the reward, from any one who has made a thorough use of his means of cure, is strong and conclusive evidence that he possesses sure means of curing this loathsome disease. The Catarrh Remedy is sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of sixty cents.

jan9 deod1w&wlt

TO CONSUMERS.—Remember that in buying Dr. Price's Special Flavorings, Lemon, Vanilla, etc., you get full measure—holding a-half more than other kinds—and extracts are of the finest and most delicate flavor.

jan9-deod1w&wlt

FOR fifteen years I suffered from disordered liver; but since I used one package of Simmons' Liver Regulator, to this day, which is now several years, I have been comparatively a sound man.

MAJ. A. F. WOOLEY,
Kingston, Ga.

jan9-liw&wlt

FOR an irritated throat, cough or cold, "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy. They maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired.

jan9-tues,thurs&sat

DEPRESSED SPIRITS.—When the blood becomes impure the body is imperfectly nourished; every organ, sooner or later, loses vitality; the spirits are depressed, and the mental and physical forces are enfeebled. All these difficulties are speedily remedied by using Dr. Price's Blood Enricher, the true restorer of lost strength and builder up of nerve power.

Enquire for Dr. Price's Blood Enricher.
Use Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

jan3-deod2w&w2t

ATLANTA, GA., Dec. 14, 1871.

The special committee of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, appointed under a Lat resolution, assented to December 1, 1871, to investigate "the management of the Western and Atlantic Railroad and the management of its finances, with that which goes to show the fraudulent use or embezzlement of any funds or property of the State, or the wrongful conversion thereof to the use of individuals, and by him and for whose benefit it was done," will meet for the purpose of said investigation at the room of the Attorney General in the capitol building, on Wednesday, the 24 of January next. All persons who may be in possession of any facts which may help said committee in the investigation they are required to make, are requested to give notice of the same to the undersigned at the office of Hil & Candler, in James' Building, Whitehall street, in this city.

MILTON A. CANDLER,
Chairman.

NORMAL INSTITUTE.

Inauguration of the Public Schools.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at the school rooms No. 66 Whitehall street during the week, commencing Monday, 8th instant, and closing Friday, 12th.

There will be a morning session each day from 9 to 1, an afternoon session from 2½ to 4½ o'clock, and a public lecture every evening.

The morning sessions will be devoted chiefly to the subjects and methods of Grammar schools or elementary instructions. The afternoon sessions, attendance upon which will be optional, will be given to High School work and to discussions of more general topics.

Competent teachers have been engaged to give instruction in the several branches usually taught in our schools. Also, distinguished teachers from abroad will give special lessons and lectures during the week.

Lectures will be delivered by Professor W. Leroy Brown, of Athens, Professor S. P. Sanford, of Macon, and Dr. Wills, of this city. Dr. Linscomb, Chancellor of the University of Georgia, and Dr. Sears, of Staunton, Va., General Agent of the Peabody educational fund, have been invited and are expected.

Practical lessons will be given to the Institute by Professors Brown and Sanford, also, by Professor G. M. Dews, Superintendent Public Schools, Columbus, Professor G. J Orr, of Oglethorpe College in this city, and others.

On Friday morning, 12th instant, at 11 o'clock, the Public Schools will be inaugurated with suitable addresses and exercises at the new school building on Ivy street.

All the teachers of the city, and those who wish to prepare themselves for teaching, are invited to attend the institute. The invitation is also extended to teachers outside of Atlanta, and a committee of reception will provide places for such at hotels, boarding houses and private families at reduced prices.

The public generally are cordially invited to attend the evening lectures and the inauguration ceremonies at the Ivy Street School on Friday. The subjects and lectures will be duly announced.

There will be no charges for attendance upon the institute, all expenses being defrayed by the Board of Education.

B. MALLON,
Superintendent of Public Schools,
66 Whitehall street.

Grape Vines and Fruit Trees.

WE have for sale over 75,000 well rooted Grape Vines, grown in our Nurseries, near Covington, Georgia, embracing forty-four varieties. Many of them have been fruited by us, and the fruit exhibited during the past summer at Atlanta, Augusta, Rome and other places.

We have also a select list of FRUIT TREES, comprising Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plumbs and Apricots.

We will publish no Catalogue this season, but will furnish to all who desire it our PRICE LIST, by mail.

Our low prices will induce all to purchase of us, who wish to grow the fruit we offer for sale.

Address, W. W. CLARK & CO.,
oct25-tf Covington, Ga.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

CALL AND SEE OUR STOCK, BEFORE YOU MAKE your purchases for NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS! Gold Pens, Fancy Inkstands, Ladies' Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Photo-Albums, Pen Knives, Pocket Books, Paper Cutters, Bird Pictures, Mottoes, Initial Paper, Pocket Bibles, Prayer Books, etc.

HITCHCOCK & WALDEN, Booksellers.
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Railroads.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.00 o'clock,	A. M
Leaves Atlanta	7.10 "	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.20 "	P. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.40 "	

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.15 "	P. M
Leaves Atlanta	5.15 "	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.40 "	A. M
Arrives at Augusta	3.47 "	A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	6 45	P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 30	A. M
Arrives Atlanta	8 05	A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	8 15	P. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Leaves Atlanta	2:00	A M
Leaves Macon	7:10	A M
Arrives at Atlanta	1:48	P M
Arrives at Macon	7:30	A M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	1:10	P M
Leaves Macon	5:25	P M
Arrives at Atlanta	10:50	P M
Arrives at Macon	6:10	P M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	11:10	P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	6:16	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	6:00	A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	1:21	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	5:20	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1:30	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	5:30	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1:00	P. M

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Dalton	1:00	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	10:00	A M

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Leave Atlanta at	2:45	P. M.
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at	8:30	P. M
Arrive at Savannah	8:35	A. M.

Schedule of Rome Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome	7:15	A. M
Arrive at Kingston	8:30	A. M.
Leave Kingston	9:00	A. M
Arrive at Rome	10 00	A M.

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome	8:30	P. M.
Arrive at Kingston	10:00	P M
Leave Kingston	1:50	P. M
Arrive at Rome	3:05	P M

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

Leaves Atlanta	8.15	o'clock, A.
Arrive at Chattanooga	3.30	" A. M
Arrives at Nashville	3.45	" A. M
Arrives at McKenzie	9.50	" A. M
Arrives at Memphis	3.45	" P. M
Arrives at Union City	11.30	" A. M
Arrives at Columbus	12.42	" P. M
Arrives at St. Louis	11.15	" P. M
Leaves Atlanta	10.15	P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	5.45	"
Arrives at Nashville	11.50	" A. M
Arrives at McKenzie		"
Arrives at Memphis	4.30	"

No change of cars from Chattanooga to Memphis But one change from Chattanooga to St. Louis.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leaves Griffin	1 00	P M
Arrives at Newnan	3 45	P M
Leaves Newnan	7 00	A M
Arrives at Griffin	9 47	A M

Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	6 55	A. M
Arrives at West Point	11 40	A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leave West Point	12 30	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.00	P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 00	P M
Arrives at West Point	12 15	A M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West Point	1 45	A M
Arrives at Atlanta	6 00	P M

Air Line Railroad.

Leave Gainesville	6 00	A. M
Arrive at Atlanta	10 00	A. M
Leave Atlanta	2 00	P M
Arrive at Gainesville	6 45	P M

THE RURAL SOUTHERNER,

THE BEST AND LARGEST

DOLLAR MONTHLY.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS!

IN the second column of figures after the names of publications, the regular subscription price of each is given. By special arrangement we are enabled to furnish the RURAL SOUTHERNER and any of the following publications at the price opposite in the first column, and the publishers of the SOUTHERNER will be responsible for the proper sending of papers with which we club.

Names of Papers clubbing with the Rural Southerner.	Subscription price for Atlanta Rural Southerner and the paper in question.	Price of subscription of the Paper alone.
DAILIES.		
Atlanta Constitution	$10 00	$10 00
Atlanta Sun	10 00	10 00
Atlanta New Era	10 00	10 00
Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel	10 00	10 00
Augusta Constitutionalist	10 00	10 00
Macon Telegraph and Messenger	10 00	10 00
Savannah News	10 00	10 00
WEEKLIES.		
Atlanta Constitution	2 50	2 00
Atlanta Sun	2 50	2 00
Atlanta Christian Index	3 00	3 00
Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel	3 00	3 00
Atlanta Plantation	3 00	3 00
Macon Telegraph and Messenger	3 00	3 00
Macon Southern Christian Advocate	3 00	3 00
N. Y. Moore's Rural New Yorker	3 25	3 75
New York World	2 50	2 00
New York Pomeroy's Democrat	2 50	2 00
New York Tribune	2 50	2 00
New York Sun	1 70	1 00
Albany, N. Y., Cultivator & Country Gentleman	3 00	2 50
Chicago Prairie Farmer	3 25	3 00
Boston Every Saturday	5 00	5 00
New York Hearth and Home	4 00	4 00
New York Scientific American	3 50	3 00
St. Louis Colman's Rural World	2 50	2 00
Memphis Southern Farmer	2 50	2 00
MONTHLIES.		
Athens Southern Cultivator	2 50	2 00
Macon Farm and Home	2 50	2 00
Baltimore Mary and Farm	2 00	1 00
New York American Agriculturalist	2 00	1 50
Charleston Rural Carolinian	2 50	2 50
Boston Atlantic Monthly	4 00	4 00
New York—The Galaxy	4 00	4 00
Chicago Nat. Live Stock Journal	2 00	2 00
Augusta Farmer & Gardener (semi-monthly)	1 75	1 00

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JAMES O. ALLEN & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

LUMBER AND COAL,

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ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Sole Agents for

Coal Creek Coal Co.'s Coal,

Superior to any in the market.

RETAIL PRICE FOR COAL IN THE YARD:

30 cents per bushel of 80 lbs.

Delivered at 33 cents.

ALL orders accompanied by the cash for 12½ bushels or upwards will be delivered within the limits of the old city, at 33 cents per bushel Per car load, warrant 1 weight at the Mines and charged accordingly to INVOICE, 28 cents per bushel.

Office and Yard opposite Georgia Railroad Depot, Atlanta, Georgia. dec27—d1m

A. D. WHEELOCK. H. B. STARK

WHEELOCK & STARK,

Successors to Southwick & Wheelock,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

No. 10 Warren Street, New York.

A. M. WATKINS,

Dalton, Georgia.

sep20—dtf

MOORE & MOORE

HAVE removed their Water Mills Depot from Peachtree to Forsyth street, below the Capitol and Railroad, where we hope to meet all our old and many new customers. dec31-d2w

DISSOLUTION.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Hilsman, Burt & Co., was dissolved on the 1st day of January, 1872, by limitation. Our books, notes and accounts can be found at the office of our successors, Simonton, Jones & Hatcher, No 4, Peachtree street.

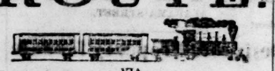
We cordially recommend the new firm to our old patrons and friends.

jan5-d10t HILSMAN, BURT & CO.

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!



VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE

Daily Through Passenger Train

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta

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Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

ON

ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships,

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at

MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent,
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24—dtf

Atlanta and New Orleans

SHORT LINE!

ALL RAIL!

(Except Transfer at Mobile.)

PASSENGERS FOR

Montgomery.

Selma, Mobile, Birmingham, and Tuskaloosa, Alabama.

MERIDIAN,

Jackson, Grenada, Vicksburg, Okalona, and Corinth, Mississippi.

NEW ORLEANS,

Shreveport, Monroe, La. Jefferson, Galveston and all Points in Texas and Northern and Central Mississippi.

LEAVING

ATLANTA TWICE DAILY!!

At 6:50 o'clock, a. m., and at 7:00 o'clock, p. m.,

VIA

Atlanta & West Point R. R.

Will make direct connections with the above named places. Trains run through to Montgomery without change.

98 Miles Shorter

To Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans than Blue Mountain, (via Kingston and Rome,) or any other route, and

288 Miles Shorter

Than by Chattanooga, Grand Junction and Corinth, to New Orleans and Galveston.

357 Miles Shorter

To Shreveport and Jefferson, Texas, than by Chattanooga and Memphis, avoiding 614 miles Mississippi River Steamboating.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 7 00 P. M., will arrive in Montgomery at 6 35 A. M., two hours and ten minutes earlier than via Blue Mountain Route

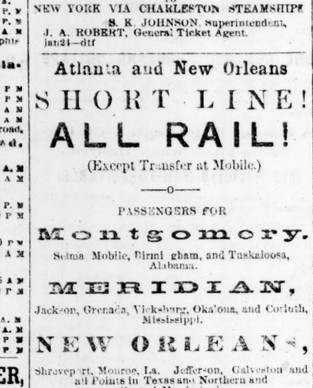
Passengers leaving Atlanta at 6 55 A. M., will arrive in Montgomery at 5 45, P. M., one hour and twenty-five minutes earlier than Blue Mountain Route

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 7 00 P. M., will arrive in Columbus at 4 10 next morning, 47 miles shorter than any other route to Selma, Meridian, Jackson and Vicksburg.

Every attention paid to the comfort of Passengers. Baggage handled with care, and checked to all terminal points.

Fare as low as any other route. Through Tickets for sale at the office of the General Ticket Agent, in the Union Passenger Depot in Atlanta. Also, one thousand mile tickets for the accommodation of merchants and families, at reduced rates

L. P. GRANT, Superintendent.
W. J. HOUSTON, General Passenger Agent.
oct1—dec20 dtf



Olive Tar,

DR. J. R. STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR is a thin, transparent oily fluid, extracted from the purified juices of the *olive and the pine*. The magnetic or concentrated curative power existing in Stafford's Olive Tar renders it an instaneous and efficient

PAIN ANNIHILATOR.

Rheumatic, Neuralgic or any other external pain cease when Olive Tar is applied. Inflammations, Tumors or Swellings are speedily reduced upon its application.

It is warranted a specific for Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Scalatana and all forms of *consumption*, when it is taken, applied or inhaled.

For Spasms, Cholera Morbus, Worms, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, or any internal pain, take and apply Olive Tar Relief will be immediate.

For Burns, Scalds, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Cancers, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Sores, etc., apply Olive Tar a rapid cure will be effected. Olive Tar is the only fluid that contains magnetism, which it imparts when taken, inhaled or applied, by which it increases the vitality of the system, expelling all forms of pain and ill-ease. We refer to a few leading persons who have known and have used it for several years:

George Law, Esq., Fifth Avenue, N. Y.; Simeon Draper, Esq., banker, N. Y.; R. B. Coleman, Esq., Astor House, N. Y.; S. Leland, Esq., Metropolitan Hotel, N. Y.; Thurlow Weed, Esq., Albany, N. Y.; Rev. Joshua Leavitt, editor Independent; Rev. Ed. Bright, editor Examiner, N. Y.; Rev. D. W. C. Cronk, G. A. R. Bible Union: Rev. Dr. Leonard, Exeter, N. H.; Gen. R. B. Marcy, U. S. A.; Col Charles May, U. S. A.; Gen Elliott, U. S. A.; Capt. H. D. Hunter, U. S. N.; Rev. O. A. P. Spinning, Butternuts, N. Y.; Rev John Duncan, Boston, Mass.; Rev. William D. Rossiter, Cincinnati, O.; Rev. A. Lloyd, Pekin, Ill., and many others.

The Olive Tar is sold by all druggists at 50 cents per bottle. HALL & RUCKEL,
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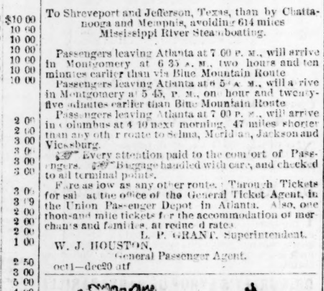

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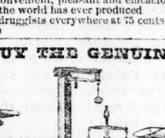

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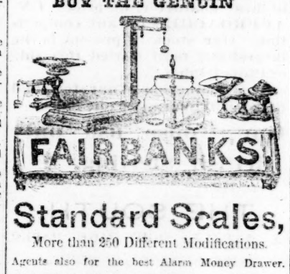

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